

## POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"What have I more that's worth the knowing?  
What have I done that's worth the doing?"

Of all sad words of tongue or pen—  
They are—Nats take the count of 10.

Smugness is what makes a Congressman, who not so long ago boasted his own pay \$2,500 per annum, put himself on the back as a warm-hearted philanthropist when he gives a Government clerk an additional \$10 per month.

The Senate clothes the tax bill in a neat but economical suit of plus fours, there not being enough cloth for those fashionable Oxford bags favored by the sartorial artists of the House.

The crew of the Bremen will fly from Quebec to Washington today to pay their homage by the side of his grave to the man who gave his life for them, and thus, as in the case of Lindbergh, the Capital instead of New York, will first bid welcome to the three hardy mariners of the sky who accomplished the impossible by making the westward flight of the Atlantic.

The fate of the Junkers plane simply emphasizes the fact that many a man who starts out in an expensive machine comes back in a Ford.

The Hoover forces—discretion being the better part of valor—decide not to go after West Virginia's 19 delegates, no dead man being running in that State.

Gen. Sandino, who has been planning an attack on the American colony at Puerto Cabezas, has been obliged to fall back, the expected Senatorial reinforcements not having materialized.

If Policeman Gallimore doesn't get those 75 bucks back with 6 per cent it'll be because Tom Blanton has lost his knack of getting legislation through Congress.

Representative Haugen explains with parental pride the bill which bears his name. "A poor thing, but mine own."

We can not accept the well-known universal theory that Ambassador Morrow has accomplished more at Mexico City in six months than had been accomplished previously in ten years, private and confidential advisers reaching us indicating that as a diplomat he can't pour tea as well as the average career man with two pairs of spats and a toothbrush mustache.

Telephone boy of 22 is made a member of New York brokerage firm and presented with a \$395,000 Stock Exchange seat. We read about it in 1889 under the title, "Onward and Upward," only as we recall the incident, it was a bootblack Horatio Alger, jr., had in mind.

Mr. Charles Evans Hughes delivers an address on Latin-American relations which again emphasizes the regret his fellow countrymen feel in the reflection that the outstanding piece of Presidential timber in the country is a redwood in a forest of jackpines who won't consent to be hacked down and cut up.

"The Heavens were all on fire, the earth did tremble."

If it isn't a war cloud in the Balkans it's something else, for verily this is the very laboratory of Nature. What with earthquakes, tidal waves, cyclones and thunder and lightning, no wonder the stricken people are terrified. As Shakespeare, who knew everything, well says—  
"Diseased nature oftentimes breaks forth  
In strange eruptions; oft the teeming earth  
Is with a kind of colic pinch'd and vex'd."

A rain of thick, slimy mud in Roumania puzzles the scientists who haven't decided yet whether it is due to the Bulgarian earthquakes or the Ohio primary.

Our Canadian cousins show an unnecessarily nasty bit of temper and jealousy in explaining that it wasn't necessary to send to New York for pneumonia serum. After all, a little hop from New York to Quebec in this airplane age isn't much more than running down to the corner drug store.

Napoleon was a pretty good general, considering that he didn't enjoy the advantages while a boy of studying a textbook on the Chinese war.

South Sea isle increases its size by spouting mud, but what is it a candidate for?

Another Indiana Republican leader is convicted. Hurry up with that primary, boys, or you won't be able to hold one.

State Chairman Warner opines that Hoover can't carry Ohio. To the fellow who has just been licked nobody can win.

## HOOVER EXPECTED TO ABANDON FIGHT FOR WEST VIRGINIA

### Secretary Disposed to Resign 19 Votes to Senator Goff.

## JUBILANT FORCES ADVOCATE BATTLE

### Defeat, However, Is Forecast; Candidate Must File by Tomorrow.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

Secretary of Commerce Hoover has virtually decided to let West Virginia's nineteen votes go by default to Senator Guy D. Goff. Flushed with their success in Ohio, some of his supporters are urging him to make a fight in West Virginia, and advising during the day from Huntington, were to the effect that he would do so.

But the Hoover camp is disposed to rest for the present on the Ohio victory without counting such defeats as the cards seem to foretell of West Virginia. The insistence of some of his supporters, in fact, presents a problem to the Hoover managers which they would avoid.

To go into the State would be to do so in the face of an overwhelming Lowden sentiment, besides the Goff sentiment, if newspaper polls conducted there mean anything. These polls show the former Illinois governor running 10 to 1 ahead of the Secretary.

Goff Real Candidate.

Yet not to make a contest will be construed by his opponents as an admission that the people are not calling to him from there, a thought disconcerting in the warmth over the Ohio outcome. It will mean, too, that he will not get the State's nineteen votes. Senator Goff has stated very emphatically that he is not part of any plot to stop Mr. Hoover or anybody else but that he simply wants his State's delegation. Regardless of the senator's intentions, however, if he has the delegation Mr. Hoover can not have it, and with the indications that he will get it regardless of Mr. Hoover's decision, the Hoover forces do not incline to bring the question up.

Those friends urging him to file in the State are well meaning, it is admitted, but impracticable. A definite decision must be made by tomorrow, the last day candidates may file. Senator Goff filed several weeks ago and Clarence P. Buck, campaign manager for Lowden, has said that he would not file.

Instead of welcoming such questions as entering West Virginia, there are indications that the real Hoover strategists would feel somewhat better now if he had not filed in Indiana. If he is defeated there and if the Ohio situation means anything, he will be, the Ohio victory will be offset, a setback that will come just slightly more than a month before the convention.

Eager for Delegates.

When the question of filing in Indiana presented itself, the Hoover forces were in a fighting mood. Their idea was to grab up delegates here and there, even if they had to spill party blood.

## 7 DEAD IN FLOODS; MORE RAIN FEARED

## Forecast Precipitation Would Mean Vast Loss in South Atlantic Region.

Atlanta, Ga., April 26 (A.P.).—Although the fresh flood waters generally were receding after a four-day rampage through the lowlands of Georgia, Alabama and Northwest Florida, fresh alarm was felt in some sections tonight because of Weather Bureau predictions of more rain.

Additional heavy rains would prolong serious conditions or bring about virtual repetition of the deluge, with untold loss to farmers.

Seven lives have been taken by the floods since torrential rains sent streams out of their banks last Sunday. Many persons have been injured or suffered exposure, thousands made homeless and the property and highway damage will aggregate many millions.

The latest casualty came today when a negro fireman was killed as his train went through a trestle near Sylvester. While most of those made homeless have been able to get back into their water-damaged homes, several towns still were under water with the inhabitants quartered in refugee camps on high ground. The crest had passed Carryville, Fla., where twelve feet of water swirled. It was estimated, however, that the inhabitants would not be able to return for a week.

## Neely Again Seeks Election to Senate

(Associated Press.) Senator Neely (Democrat), West Virginia, announced last night that he would be a candidate to succeed himself.

He has mailed to the West Virginia secretary of State papers entering himself in the Democratic primary to be held on May 29.

## Index to Today's Issue.

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## 5 YOUNG WOMEN HEAR THEIR DOOM IN COURT

### Apparently Strong, All Are Poisoned by Radium, Say Medical Witnesses.

## THEY ASK RIGHT TO SUE

Special to The Washington Post.

Newark, N. J., April 26.—Five stoic young women in chancery court, Newark, today heard physicians and scientific experts pronounce upon them a subtle and inevitable doom. Apparently healthy and thriving and strong, the hazards of industry have marked them for early death. In each of them a creeping poison is destroying their tissue and bone. And there, it is said, experts, no cure.

The young women are Miss Katherine Schaub, Newark; Mrs. Edna Huseman, Hillside; and Mrs. Quinta McDonald, Mrs. Albina Loris and Mrs. Grace Fryer, of Orange.

All of them are former employees of the United States Radium Corporation, and the substance in which they worked radium-cut short their lifetime. All were painters of luminous watch dials.

They are engaged in litigation for the right to sue the corporation for \$1,250,000. They contend the company is directly responsible for their condition, and in that contention they were upheld today by Dr. Robert E. Humphries, chief surgeon of the New Jersey Orthopedic Hospital at Orange; Dr. A. O. Gettler, chief toxicologist in the office of New York's medical examiner, and Dr. Armand V. St. George, pathologist of the Jersey City Hospital. X-ray photographs of the five women were introduced, each showing white shadows, proof of the radium poisoning.

The defense has raised the objection that the suits were filed after the two-year period fixed by the New Jersey statute of limitations expired, and Vice Chancellor Nokes must decide whether the litigation may be prosecuted in supreme court.

## Island Spouts Lava; Increases Own Size

Suva, Fiji, April 27 (Friday) (A.P.).—Falcon Island, in the Tonga group, thrown up in 1885 by volcanic eruption, is again spouting lava and has grown to a length of 2 miles. Men of the New Zealand government steamer Tutanakal, which arrived here today, said that they witnessed the phenomenon yesterday afternoon.

After appearing above the waves in 1885, Falcon Island partially disappeared but years later it was again upheaved. It is in latitude 20.20 south and longitude 175.20 west.

## House Will Hurry Action On Welch Pay Raise Bill

### Supporters Hope to Escape End of Session Jam—Passage Predicted After Changes—Joker Cutting Salaries Found.

To avoid the danger of the measure being caught in a legislative jam at the end of the session, the House civil service committee has determined to seek early action on the new Welch bill raising the pay of Federal workers.

It is possible that the House will consider the bill Monday, but it is more probable that it will take it up the following Monday. Supporters of the bill predict that it will pass without any trouble provided certain changes are made.

A "joker" was found in the bill yesterday that would reduce, instead of increase the salaries of employees in the higher professional and administrative grades. The House is expected to correct this before the final vote is taken. If it should not, the Senate is almost certain to do so.

Senator Smoot (Republican), of Utah, chairman of the finance committee, is expected to insist that the bill be amended so that the maximum salary of bureau heads and professional and scientific employees be increased from \$7,500 to \$9,000.

The Bureau of the Budget, which drafted the bill as a substitute for the original Welch bill, recommended that the maximum pay of such employees be increased from \$7,500 to \$9,000. Before approving the bill two days ago, however, the House civil service committee, struck out this increase.

In doing this, the committee allowed the joker to creep in. What happened was this: The Bureau of the Budget had added two new salary figures at the top, but at the same time reduced the salaries below in the same grades. Obviously, the bureau did not want the reduced salaries to stand unless the increased salaries were allowed to stand.

The committee, however, lopped off the two new salary figures, and permitted the reductions to stand.

Thus, nobody in these grades would receive an increase, but a large number—how many has not been calculated—would have their salaries automatically reduced.

The salary reductions would apply to those employees in grades 4, 5 and 6 of the professional service, and grades of \$7,500 to \$9,000.

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## SENATE COMMITTEE VOTES \$203,000,000 REDUCTION IN TAXES

### Republicans Frame Bill Rejecting Democrats' \$325,000,000 Plan.

## AUTOMOBILE LEVY REPEAL INCLUDED

### Corporations Win 1 Per Cent Cut; Smoot Submits Revision to President Coolidge.

(Associated Press.)

The House \$203,000,000 tax reduction bill was remodeled completely yesterday by the Senate finance committee in voting a \$203,000,000 reduction schedule into the measure to meet the limitation set by the administration.

The Republican majority of the committee pared down the total cut within range of the Treasury deal line of \$200,000,000 over the votes of the Democrats, who had advanced a \$325,000,000 plan. To win the support of the Western Republican Independents, whose support is necessary for the party in the approaching fight on the floor, the Republicans abandoned the proposal of the Treasury for repeal of the inheritance tax.

The plan, which ignores the proposals of both the House and Secretary Mellon, follows:

Reduction of the corporation tax from 13½ to 12½ per cent, instead of 11½ per cent as voted by the House.

Repeal of the automobile levy of 3 per cent as voted by the House.

Revision of the surtax rates applying on incomes between \$18,000 and \$70,000—proposed by Mr. Mellon, but not provided by the House.

Increase in the exemptions allowed corporations from \$2,000 to \$3,000—provided by House.

Increase in exemptions under 10 per cent admission tax from 75 cents to \$3—House proposed increase only \$1. Increase to 25 per cent in tax on prize fight admissions as proposed by House, accepted.

Repeal of levies on cereal beverages and wine as proposed by House.

Reduction in the rates on insurance companies from 13½ per cent to 12½ per cent.

Surtax Cut Retroactive.

The committee voted to make the proposed reduction in surtax rates retroactive to apply on 1927 income on which taxes are payable this year, meaning the return of \$25,000,000 to individual income taxpayers. However, it rejected the House proposal for a retroactive cut in the corporation tax applicable on last year's income.

It was also decided, on straight party votes, to restore to the bill the present rates of taxes on club dues, capital stock transfers and sales on the produce exchanges, which the House had voted to cut in half in each instance.

The \$203,000,000 reduction was declared entirely acceptable at the Treasury where it was indicated earlier in the day that Mr. Mellon would endorse even a \$210,000,000 cut. But the method employed in making the cut does not regard in any degree the program suggested by the secretary to the committee. He bitterly opposed repeal of the automobile tax and asked repeal of the automobile tax and asked repeal of the automobile tax.

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## BREMEN CREW FLIES HERE TODAY FROM STE. AGNES FOR BENNETT'S BURIAL; HOMAGE PAID IN QUEBEC

### Crowds Block Streets as Flier's Body Is Taken to Railway Station.

## WILL LIE IN STATE ONE HOUR AT NEW YORK

### Naval Officers Are Chosen for Pallbearers at Military Rites in Arlington.

Quebec, April 26 (A.P.).—This ancient city paid homage and bade farewell today to Floyd Bennett, the North Pole flier, who died because he put the welfare of fellow airmen before thought of himself.

Through twisting streets lined with mourners the United States naval flier's coffin was borne on a gun carriage from hospital to railway station. With bowed heads the people stood as the cortege, headed by a detachment of the Royal Twenty-second Regiment, passed, and then they fell in behind to swell the slow procession.

Overhead airplanes circled in honor of the man who refused to consider his own health when others were in need.

So dense were the crowds in all the streets that the funeral procession moved at scarcely more than a crawl and it took almost an hour and a half to get from hospital to station.

Behind the gun carriage was the widow in a closed carriage, and walking with bare head close to the body of his best friend was Commander Richard E. Byrd.

Services in Chapel.

Before the procession started there were brief services in the chapel of the hospital where Bennett died. Only a handful of people had been invited to attend, but hundreds came. They filled the corridors and overflowed into the hospital grounds, such a demonstration of grief and admiration as the city had never seen before. The services were conducted by the Very Rev. Archdeacon Scott, of the Episcopal Church.

As the coffin was carried from the chapel the soldiers presented arms and then took their places at the procession's head. At the station the coffin was placed in a special car attached to the Montreal Express leaving at 1:30 o'clock.

The soldiers fired a salute of honor, a bugle's clear tones floated gently over the crowd, and the train pulled away, taking Floyd Bennett to his final resting place.

Burial will take place at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Arlington National Cemetery at Washington, where Bennett will lie close to Admiral Peary, the discoverer of the Pole over which Bennett was to be the first to fly a plane.

Most Popular Tribute.

In the troubled history of the city, which had been the key to a continent over which nations fought, Quebec had seen the passing of other military and naval heroes but there was no record of its population paying such a tribute before to one who had died in the interests of peace and international friendship.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 2.

## WALB IS CONVICTED OF FRAUD IN INDIANA

### Former State Chairman of G. O. P. to Be Sentenced With Banker Today.

Special to The Washington Post.

Fort Wayne, Ind., April 26.—Clyde A. Walb, of La Grange, former chairman of the State Republican committee, former campaign manager for Senator James E. Watson and owner of the Walb Construction Co., was found guilty of violating the national banking act by a jury in Federal court here tonight.

The jury had been out only fifteen minutes when it informed the bailiff that it had arrived at a verdict.

Walb was charged in the same grand jury indictment with Valentine Weaver, former president of the First National Bank of La Grange, of conspiracy to defraud the bank by filling it with forged notes.

The maximum penalty which may be imposed upon Walb and Weaver on any one of the twelve counts is a term of five years in Federal prison and a fine of \$5,000. Sentence will be passed on the two men at 9 o'clock Friday morning by Federal Judge Walter Lindley, of Danville, Ill., who presided at the trial.

Weaver, co-defendant with Walb, pleaded guilty to the charges of forgery, embezzlement and conspiracy Wednesday afternoon. He then took the stand as star witness for the Government against Walb.

## Woman, at Age of 100, Will Not Drink Water

Sadorus, Ill., April 26 (A.P.).—Mrs. Caroline Henrietta Ruhnow today celebrated her 100th birthday receiving congratulatory messages and personal visits from more than 3,000 persons. A general reception was held at the town hall.

Mrs. Ruhnow has only one eccentricity—she will not drink water. "Just water is a puzzle to us," her son, John, said.

Mrs. Ruhnow said she was willing to marry again if she could find a man who would accept her.

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## Flight to Assist Bennett Is Praised by Physicians Despite Quebec Criticism

### "Vulgar Publicity Stunt" Is Charged by Provincial Secretary After Serum Is Taken by Air; Lindbergh Lauded, However.

### "Honest Effort to Assist in Desperate Situation," Replies Superintendent of Hospital; Rockefeller, Jr., Prompted the Effort.



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

Quebec, Quebec, April 26 (A.P.).—High praise for the part played by individuals and organizations in the United States in the vain effort to save the life of Floyd Bennett was voiced today by Dr. W. H. Delaney, superintendent of the Jeffrey Hale Hospital, where the aviator died of pneumonia Wednesday.

"I should just like to say," the physician said, "that I hope when my time comes to die, there will be shown for me the evidence of love, devotion, consideration and regard as the whole world—and particularly the American nations—show to Floyd Bennett."

Dr. Delaney expressed regret that Col. Lindbergh's flight to Quebec with serum to save Bennett's life should have been characterized by provincial government officials as an affront to Canadian medical science.

"The world of medicine has no border lines," he said, "and the efforts of the whole American nation to save Bennett

showed that the American people recognize this as truth. I can not agree with the statement attributed to the secretary of this province that 'we can get along without American doctors, be they the most accomplished specialists of that great country.'"

There was available in Montreal and Quebec, he said, serum which might have been used to treat pneumonia, but Dr. Alvan Barach, New York specialist attending Bennett, was anxious to obtain a serum especially refined by scientists.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 3.

## CLERK, IN 14 MONTHS, GAINS EXCHANGE SEAT

### S. B. Sears, Jr., Made Member of Firm Whose Employ He Entered in 1927.

## FAST RISE UNEXPLAINED

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, April 26.—From telephone clerk to stock exchange member, all within two years, was the experience of Seymour B. Sears, Jr., 22, of Grantwood, N. J., who today was presented with a seat on the New York Stock Exchange and made a member of the firm of Miller, Hewitt & Dodge, of 7 Wall street.

Horatio Alger in his wildest flights of imagination never conceived of a rise for any of his heroes as rapid as that of young Sears.

Three years ago the boy was an average high school student, moderately "peppy," and although attentive to his studies, no bore to his classmates. He was graduated from Cliffside High School in New Jersey in 1925. Instead of going on to college he became a page boy in the Stock Exchange that fall. He became a bond clerk in February, 1926, on the exchange, and in February, 1927, entered the brokerage offices of Miller, Hewitt & Dodge as a telephone boy.

Today, less than 14 months from the time he entered the employ of the firm he was made a member of the organization and presented with the stock exchange seat as well. It was the seat of W. B. Hewitt who bought it for \$235,000 in October, 1927, and sold it last week for \$395,000, the high record price so far. The youth's father is Seymour B. Sears, member of a New York firm of wholesale hardware dealers.

Officials of young Sears' brokerage firm today refused to discuss his phenomenal rise. Fifty of the 1,100 present members of the exchange rose from telephone boy posts.

## Round-World Racers Cross Paths in Air

London, April 26 (A.P.).—Ryukichi Matsui and Toichiro Araki, Japanese round-the-world speedsters, crossed paths in their competition today, the one headed eastward and the other westward, but both using the air as a highway.

Matsui arrived at Croydon from Berlin at 5:05 p. m. and said that he saw a Luftthansa plane flying low while on his way from Berlin and that possibly it was Araki. (Araki arrived in Berlin by plane at 5:35 p. m., Berlin time of 4:36 London time.)

Matsui was doubtful about beating his arrival but said that if the Aquilina should arrive in the United States just a little early he might stand a chance.

## Briand Is Reported On Way to Recovery

Paris, April 26 (A.P.).—Foreign Minister Briand, who has been ill for some time, now appears on the road to recovery.

An official communiqué issued this evening noted that there was an improvement in his condition and that his fever was abating.

## FIREMAN SAVES INVALID WOMAN, 80 YEARS OLD

### Mrs. Fusselbaugh and Mrs. Davis Overcome by Smoke in Fire at Their Home.

## MAN ATTEMPTS RESCUE

An invalid woman was rescued and another woman slightly overcome by smoke when fire broke out at noon yesterday on the second floor of 405 A street southeast.

Mrs. E. J. Fusselbaugh, 80 years old, an invalid for the past twenty years, was rescued by Private P. G. Weissmiller, of Engine Company No. 8. Mrs. O. H. Davis was overcome slightly by the smoke before she could escape from the building.

The occupants of the house knew nothing of the fire until notified by neighbors who had turned in the alarm. Samuel M. Allred, 402 A street southeast, a neighbor, ran into the building and attempted to rescue Mrs. Fusselbaugh, but became lost in the dense smoke.

Weissmiller, upon his arrival, ran to the second floor and found Allred wandering about carrying the woman. Taking the woman the fireman led the way down stairs. Mrs. Fusselbaugh was taken to a neighbor's, where it was found she was suffering slightly from the smoke.

The fire did slight damage but created dense volumes of smoke. It had started underneath the flooring in a closet. The house, a three-story building, is owned by Miss Margaret E. Forbes, formerly a teacher at Brent School. She was not at home at the time. Mrs. Davis, Miss Forbes' sister, commended the firemen for the manner in which they worked.

## Ship Afire After Blast; 34 in Crew Rescued

New York, April 26 (A.P.).—The American oil tanker Overbrook caught fire following an explosion in the pump room while off the Florida coast early this morning. A message to the owners, the Gladstone Transportation Co., said that the blaze was "unsubding."

The tanker Fred W. Weiler had rescued all of the 34 men in the Overbrook crew, who left their burning ship in lifeboats. The vessel stood by to await the arrival of a Coast Guard cutter to which the men were later transferred.

The Overbrook was chartered to the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, and was bringing 70,000 barrels of crude oil in bulk from Texas City, Tex., to New York.

## Shortening of Kilts Planned by Lauder

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, April 26.—Sir Harry Lauder, ending his fifth "farewell" tour when the Berengaria sailed today, will be back next year for another, he said. And he might wear shorter kilts, he said. "Because I can't keep pace with the American ladies unless I shorten my kilts a bit."

The Chamberlain-Vanderbilt Hotel, Old Point Comfort, Va., All year resort hotel. Post open. Gold, tennis, swimming, yachting, fishing, horseback riding.—A.P.

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### Transocean Airmen Make Trip From Greenly in Trimotored Ford.

## TO HONOR MAN WHO GAVE LIFE FOR THEM



## HUGHES ADVOCATES NEW LATIN AMERICA ARBITRATION POLICY

Clear-Cut Attitude Is Needed  
for Coming Conference,  
He Informs Society.

GIVES FIRST DETAILS  
ON HAVANA'S SESSION

Points Out Illusions Which  
Must Be Removed to Better  
Cement Friendships.

An advance in the policy of the United States toward obligatory arbitration of justiciable disputes was urged last night by Charles Evans Hughes, chairman of the United States delegation to the sixth Pan-American Conference at Havana, in an address opening the twenty-second annual meeting of the American Society of International Law, of which he is president, at the Willard Hotel.

In his first public statement in regard to the conference, Mr. Hughes last night expressed the hope that the United States would meet her sister republics of Latin America in the coming arbitration conference, with a "clear-cut policy for genuinely obligatory arbitration of justiciable questions."

"If we are prepared to join in an agreement for obligatory arbitration with the Latin-American states, we should know precisely what it means, and have no stipulations which could be regarded as a reservation of the right to refuse arbitration in cases which lie outside the excepted classes," Mr. Hughes said.

"It is not possible to have appropriate exceptions plainly set forth, and in cases which are not within the exceptions, to have the agreement to submit to arbitration in such terms that all parties to it will recognize the obligations as being definite and inescapable."

"We could make no more hopeful endeavor to cement our friendship with Latin-American countries, or to justify the leadership we desire to take in the cause of peace," the former Secretary of State said.

**Friendship Demonstrated.**

The recent Pan-American Conference, quite apart from its specific achievements, afforded a welcome and striking demonstration of mutual friendliness which put to shame the prophesies of evil, he asserted.

"When delegates come out of an American conference with a more friendly feeling and a stronger confidence in each other, an advance of enormous importance has been made, because the spirit of friendship is the vital breath of Pan-Americanism," Mr. Hughes added.

The cooperation of independent States must be necessary to make such a move, he said, awaiting the quieting of fears and emancipation from national obsessions. It depends not only on the growing perception of community of interests, but also on a fair appreciation of the antagonism of interests, he believes.

"To effect international cooperation there must be a sense of substantial national gain and no persistent fear of serious national loss," he said.

In considering the essence and scope of Pan-American cooperation, certain popular illusions must be dispelled, Mr. Hughes said.

**Illusions Must Be Met.**

Among these is one in which the United States is pictured as seeking to dominate Latin America, he said. To one who knows the Latin American people, such an idea seems fantastic, he stated, for the policy of the United States is in the control of the American people whose dominant spirit is generous, liberal and instinct with love of independence and respect for it.

"The notion that we are looking for opportunities to intervene in the concerns of our neighbors and to take upon ourselves the burdens of managing them, that we are animated by a desire to dominate Latin America, is due to vague and unfounded fears and especially to an utter misconception of public opinion in this country," he continued.

Another illusion that should be dispelled is that there is such an entity as Latin America, he said. There is no group of Latin American states which has, or can claim to have, dominance over other Latin American States, he asserted, and the sentiment of national independence is a very real sentiment in all of them.

"The idea that any one power, or three or four important powers in Latin America, could be endowed with authority to make decisions or to undertake to determine policies in Latin American affairs affecting other States, is a chimera," he said.

Mr. Hughes pointed out that another illusion is that national aspirations can be changed by international conferences, whereas he pointed out that to be done is to find common ground, to show that some common undertaking is promotive of national benefit, or at least not opposed to national interest.

Col. Lindbergh's recent good-will flights are a prophecy of a new intimacy with Latin America, Mr. Hughes said.

## Policeman Galimore Fined \$75 in Blanton Incident

Trial Board Finds Him Guilty of "Conduct Prejudicial to Good Order"—False Report Charges Dismissed—Affidavit Is Lacking.

Policeman Dalton E. Galimore, of the Traffic Bureau, was fined \$75 for conduct prejudicial to the good order of the Police Department and acquitted of making a false report to his superior officer at a session of the Police Trial Board yesterday.

Galimore was charged with having reported to Inspector Brown that he had arrested Representative Blanton for speeding and then to have denied the arrest and to have signed a sworn statement that he had not arrested the representative. He told the trial board that he had made both statements in good faith and believed them to be true at the time. He was acquitted on this charge.

The board refused to dismiss the charge that his conduct was prejudicial

to the good order of the department and fined him \$75 on this charge.

Bertrand Emerson, Jr., Galimore's attorney, asked the board, composed of Assistant Corporation Counsel Richmond B. Keen, Capt. Martin Riley, of the Sixth Precinct, and Capt. Thaddeus Bean, of the First Precinct, to dismiss all charges as the affidavit Galimore is alleged to have signed was not produced. The affidavit is in the possession of Representative Blanton, who left for Texas before he could be subpoenaed.

Inspector Brown testified that Galimore had told him he arrested Blanton and later had denied it was Blanton he stopped. Galimore testified that he believed he was mistaken in believing it was Blanton he arrested.

## EMPHASIS ON PEACE LAW STUDY IN COLLEGE ASKED

Bradley, of Amherst, Talks to  
Conference of Teachers  
of International Law.

## WAR PREPARATION URGED

Laws of peace should be given increasing emphasis in college courses in international law, and laws of war and neutrality ordinarily should be given a minor place in such courses, Phillips Bradley, associate professor of political science at Amherst College, told the third conference of teachers of international law yesterday at Carnegie Institution.

One of the chief functions of international law is to regulate the normal relations of States, he pointed out, and the laws of war and neutrality grow out of "abnormal" relations which are subject to more violent fluctuations and less constant regard in practice. This abnormal relation is being considerably restricted in its scope and effect by the broadening attempts to discover new sanctions for peace, he stated.

Referring to the diplomacy of the United States as "bacon and diplomacy," Prof. Bradley urged emphasis on laws of peace as an aid to the molding of public opinion on the wide range of international law.

Prof. Charles K. Burdick, of Cornell University, said that he was satisfied that not only should emphasis be on the law of peace, but that the time available to international law should be largely, if not wholly, devoted to the study of international law as a means of organizing for peace, and as a result of the paucity and uncertainty of our law governing normal war affairs is being painfully felt, he said.

predicted, as with abundant opportunities for the provision of airports and regular and frequent services. Prof. Bradley said that the American people, such an idea seems fantastic, he stated, for the policy of the United States is in the control of the American people whose dominant spirit is generous, liberal and instinct with love of independence and respect for it.

"The notion that we are looking for opportunities to intervene in the concerns of our neighbors and to take upon ourselves the burdens of managing them, that we are animated by a desire to dominate Latin America, is due to vague and unfounded fears and especially to an utter misconception of public opinion in this country," he continued.

Another illusion that should be dispelled is that there is such an entity as Latin America, he said. There is no group of Latin American states which has, or can claim to have, dominance over other Latin American States, he asserted, and the sentiment of national independence is a very real sentiment in all of them.

"The idea that any one power, or three or four important powers in Latin America, could be endowed with authority to make decisions or to undertake to determine policies in Latin American affairs affecting other States, is a chimera," he said.

Mr. Hughes pointed out that another illusion is that national aspirations can be changed by international conferences, whereas he pointed out that to be done is to find common ground, to show that some common undertaking is promotive of national benefit, or at least not opposed to national interest.

Col. Lindbergh's recent good-will flights are a prophecy of a new intimacy with Latin America, Mr. Hughes said.

## CRIMINAL LAW DELAYS SCORED BY WICKERSHAM

Chief Justice Taft Tells How  
Supreme Court Speeds  
Cases on Docket.

## TALK BEFORE INSTITUTE

Delays and miscarriages of justice in criminal cases in this country are directly chargeable to Congress and State legislatures, which refuse to sanction the building of a strong, independent and courageous judiciary, George W. Wickersham, president of the American Law Institute, declared yesterday at the opening of a three-day session of the annual meetings of the institute in the Mayflower Hotel.

Chief Justice William Howard Taft also deplored the delays in criminal justice, he said, "allow those gentlemen unfortunate enough to have been convicted, a period of rest and contemplation" before they start serving their sentence.

The Chief Justice assured the several hundred members attending the session, however, that there will be no delay on the part of the Supreme Court in hearing criminal cases brought before that body for review.

The Supreme Court is advancing every criminal case brought before it, and when the court adjourns for the summer it will have heard every one on its docket, he said.

The institute is meeting for the purpose of making a restatement of the common law, and formulating what might be called a code of law to be used instead of the enormous multiplicity of statutes and decisions. The restatement of the law which the institute is making is a code of law to be used instead of the enormous multiplicity of statutes and decisions.

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## 300 ATTEND CANADIAN CLUB'S ANNUAL PARTY

Massey and Other Speakers  
Stress Friendship of U. S.  
and Dominion.

More than 300 persons attended the fifth annual banquet of the Canadian Club of Washington last night at the Mayflower Hotel. Dr. Edwin N. C. Barnes, president of the society, was toastmaster.

The speakers included Vincent Massey, Canadian Minister to the United States; Edward P. Warner, Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Aeronautics; Dr. R. Tait McKenzie, Philadelphia sculptor; William Knowles Cooper, secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association; David Burpee, president of the Canadian Society of Philadelphia; Homer J. H. Connolly, director of the religious education, Calvary Baptist Church; and Representative J. A. Hughes, of West Virginia. All the speakers used the occasion to tell of the great bond of friendship between the United States and Canada.

The musical program was headed by Miss Joanne de Nault, contralto, who was accompanied at the piano by Mrs. Kathryn Hill Rawles. Music was furnished by Miss Eugene Bokling, Miss Laura Fairchild Ward, Ludwig Manoly and Miss Edith B. Athey, of the Washington School's instrumental ensemble.

**FIRE RECORD.**

4:41 a. m.—Rosalyn, Va.; three-story office building, 1000 Seventeenth street northwest, fire, \$100,000.

5:13 a. m.—935 K street northwest; room, \$100,000.

5:31 a. m.—101-107 U street northwest; office building, three stories, \$100,000.

5:41 a. m.—408 A street southeast; dwelling, \$100,000.

5:51 a. m.—Raleigh Place and Easter Place streets southeast; brush, \$100,000.

5:51 a. m.—1401 West street southeast; second floor, \$100,000.

5:53 p. m.—Rear 1416 Pennsylvania avenue, \$100,000.

6:08 p. m.—Rear 2345-2355 Sherman avenue, \$100,000.

6:31 p. m.—Wadsworth place and Raleigh street southeast; \$100,000.

8:30 p. m.—Tenth street and West street, \$100,000.

9:05 p. m.—Forty-eighth and Meade streets northwest; false, \$100,000.

## SECOND PLACE GOES TO BUSINESS HIGH SCHOOL IN MILITARY DRILL

First Regiment Students Perform  
Maneuvers as if  
Regular Troops.

SECOND PLACE GOES  
TO BUSINESS HIGH  
SCHOOL IN  
MILITARY DRILL

Band of McKinley Is Awarded  
First Place in Competition  
of Musicians.

Executing drill maneuvers with precision that approached military perfection, Central High School's second battalion of the first cadet regiment, commanded by Maj. Jack Riley, marched off the greenward of Central Stadium yesterday the winner of the annual public high school cadet corps battalion drill.

Second place went to the battalion of Business High School, commanded by Maj. Agostino Sciala. Eastern High School's second battalion of the third regiment, commanded by Maj. Paul Lawson, marched off with third honors.

The second regiment band of McKinley Manual Training School, led by Capt. Herman E. Myers, won first place in the competition of the cadet corps bands.

Silk Flag for Winners.

The winning battalion will be presented with a silk flag and the commander will receive the loving cup, given by Col. Wallace M. Craigie, military instructor of the high schools, and a gold medal given by school officials.

The annual competition of the high school students who cheered on the afternoon of May 7 at 4:30 o'clock. At the same time Capt. Myers, commander of the battalion, presented the winners with a gold medal and loving cup. The presentations will be made by Maj. Gen. William C. Rivers, inspector general of the United States Army.

The competition of the battalions lasted three hours. The stands were crowded with approximately 2,000 high school students who cheered on the cadets of their respective schools as they took the field.

Through the courtesy of Maj. Robert H. Allen, chief of infantry, U. S. A., three officers of the infantry were assigned to observe the competition. They were Maj. Bruce Magruder, Maj. Thompson Lawrence and Capt. Jared Wood.

The band competition was judged by Dr. Edwin N. C. Barnes, public school director of music; Band Leader Louis Yessel, of the Third Regiment, U. S. A.; and William White, of the United States Army.

At the award presentation on May 7, the winner of the annual war games of the cadet corps, Company D, of the first regiment, Central High School, commanded by Capt. Don Warnick, will receive prizes. The company will receive a loving cup and the commander a gold medal. The war games were held two months ago.

## Teacher Measures Approved by Council

The Citizens Advisory Council last night endorsed the bill to exempt employees of the public school system from the law which forbids Government employees to hold two positions at the same time if the aggregate of salaries amounts to less than \$2,000 a year.

The bill, which was introduced by E. T. Tracy Campbell, who investigated the bill for the council, reported that its principal purpose was to permit the holding of professional employees of the public departments to teach night schools, vacation schools and Americanization classes. The council also endorsed the pending bill to amend the teachers' salary act in several particulars.

## 1 INJURED, 2 ESCAPE IN WALL COLLAPSE

Roof Follows Partition Into  
Excavation Where Men  
Are at Work.

One man was slightly injured and two others escaped unhurt yesterday when a heavy roof fell into an excavation at the corner of 911 and 913 Seventh street, where men were at work.

The accident occurred when the party wall between stores at 911 and 913 Seventh street, undermined by an excavation, gave away, leaving a slab of brick and concrete to fall into the excavation. The workmen had previously removed a rear wall of 911, which is occupied by the Penn Electric Co. A new rear addition to the place will be erected.

## AUTOIST FINDS BABY IN MIDDLE OF ROAD

Police Believe Those Who Put  
Infant There Hoped It  
Would Be Killed.

Special to The Washington Post.

Annapolis, Md., April 26.—Investigation by police here failed to locate a baby who was found in the middle of the road in the middle of the old Annapolis highway, near Annapolis last night.

The infant was discovered at 8:10 o'clock by Albert Franklin, of Eastport, who, with two companions, was motor-cycling to Annapolis. The child was scantily clad, with only a thin blanket over it, and lay in a small flat basket, which was tied to the back of the motor-cycle. It is believed that Franklin found the infant soon after it was placed there. Police believe those who put the baby there did so in the hope that it would be killed. Franklin brought the findling to Annapolis where it is being cared for at the Emergency Hospital. The infant has dark hair, blue eyes and weighs nearly 8 pounds.

**Petition in Bankruptcy.**

Leon H. Feldman, grocer, 1308 Good Hope road southeast, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy yesterday in Bankruptcy Court, Thurgood Marshall, U. S. District Judge. The debts were listed at \$41,119 and the assets at \$800.

Post Classified Advertising Service is just as handy as your telephone. Just call Main 4205 and ask for an ad-taker.

## Boys and Girls to Aid In Decorating Graves

Decoration of graves in Arlington National Cemetery on Memorial Day was assigned to Boy and Girl Scouts last night at a meeting of the general veterans committee in charge of the Memorial Day program. The meeting was held in the board room of the District Building. The Boy Scouts will place flags, and the Girl Scouts will lay flowers on the graves in Arlington Cemetery.

Twelve juvenile organizations also will assist in the decoration of graves in the thirteen other cemeteries. The finance committee, headed by Arthur H. League, Spanish American War veteran, will meet Monday night in G. A. R. Hall to devise means for defraying expenses of the celebration. Approximately 125 members of veterans organizations and auxiliaries, the largest number to attend a meeting of the committee, was in attendance.

## WIFE OF BANK PRESIDENT ENDS LIFE WITH BULLET

Mrs. W. D. Hoover, Former  
D. A. R. Official, Had Been  
in Ill Health.

## HUSBAND FINDS HER DEAD

Mrs. Louise Reeve Hoover, 50 years old, wife of William D. Hoover, president of the National Savings and Trust Co., early yesterday morning ended her life with a bullet from a .25-caliber revolver at her apartment in the Presidential Hotel, 1026 Sixteenth street northwest. Her body was found by her husband about 6 a. m. after a maid became alarmed at the failure of her mistress to respond to a knock on her bedroom door.

Mrs. Hoover, a former treasurer general of the D. A. R., had been suffering from a sinus infection for several years and two operations failed to restore her to health. Suffering caused by the illness is believed to have prompted her act.

The shot with which the bank president's wife ended her life was not heard by her husband, sleeping in an adjoining room, or any other occupants of the apartment-house building. Mrs. Hoover retired about midnight, after spending the evening with her husband at the Metropolitan Club. She was found by her husband in the morning.

Mrs. Hoover is president of the Chevy Chase Country Club and a member of the Metropolitan and Trinity clubs. She was married to Mr. Hoover in 1904. They have three children, a son, Reeve, 27 years old, and a daughter, F. S. Landreth, Jr., of Huntington, W. Va., and three grandchildren. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The Rev. C. T. Warren will officiate.

## TWO MEN ARRESTED IN DEATH OF MASKE

Charles County Grand Jury to  
Pass on Hintz and  
Jameson Cases.

A Charles County, Md., grand jury which met May 21 will act on the charges preferred against Art Hintz, roadside proprietor, and Norbert Jameson, manager of Providence Hospital, in connection with the death of a 29-year-old nursemaid, who died Tuesday at Emergency Hospital. Maske was found Sunday night in a roadside ditch near Waldorf, Md.

A charge of manslaughter yesterday was placed against Hintz, who was held in default of \$2,500 bail. Jameson was released on bond of \$1,000 on a charge of assault with intent to kill. At the hearing before Magistrate Walter H. Gray, the two men denied responsibility for Maske's death but admitted a fight took place at the Hintz place. They said Maske left the house without his coat or hat.

Dr. Samuel L. Hannon, of White Plains, and Dr. Thomas L. Higdon, county health officer, of Wayneside, who performed the autopsy on the body, testified Wednesday at a coroner's inquest, said that Maske died from a blow on the side of the head. The verdict of the coroner's jury stated that Maske came to his death at the hands of a person or persons unknown.

## Improved Smothers Grounds Are Asked

Better lighting on Forty-fourth street from Benning road to Deane avenue northeast was requested in a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Benning-Glendale-Oakland Citizens Association last night.

The association also requested the Board of Education to improve the grounds surrounding the Smothers School. Action on the resolution was deferred until the next meeting. Dr. John T. French addressed the association on sanitation and the improvement of health in the community.

## 213 PATENT OFFICE EMPLOYEES ADVANCED

Salary Increases Range From  
\$100 to \$800 Yearly,  
Says Commissioner.

Two hundred and thirteen employees in the examining division of the Patent Office received salary increases ranging from \$100 to \$800 a year, it was learned last night.

Sixty-one employees were promoted to the grade of assistant chiefs, 71 to the position of associate examiners, and 81 to the grade of assistant examiners. The first of the promotions was made a week ago and the last yesterday. The promotions affected only the clerical or professional force. The several hundred clerks, unaffected by the recent promotions, will not be re-promoted until the next year. The promotions were announced by Thomas E. Robertson, Commissioner of Patents.

## TAX OFFICIAL SEES INCREASE IN LEVY UNDER ANNEXATION

Holds Revenue Would Be Lost  
to Arlington County  
Under Plan.

PETITION BY POTOMAC  
RESIDENTS ATTACKED

Capital and Property Gains  
in County Contrasted  
With Alexandria.

Increased taxes both in the County of Arlington and in Alexandria City, a retarding in the general development of the county, and a disrupted school system, would result from the fulfillment of Alexandria's present annexation plans, Harry K. Green, commissioner of revenue for Arlington, yesterday told the special annexation court sitting at the Arlington County court-house.

The tax boost in the county would be a direct outgrowth of the loss of Potomac Yards, Green declared. Revenues derived from utilities of this nature is "reveler," the commissioner said, is no portion of them need be spent in its upkeep.

At this point, Maj. Carter Hall, of Alexandria, counsel, asked if he knew of charges that the plaintiff city's only reason for instituting the annexation suit was to secure jurisdiction over the yards. The witness replied that he had not made the charges, but considered revenues from the property an "inducement" to the suit.

**Yard Revenue Needed.**

Asked by Hall if Arlington desired to retain the yards for any other reason than the taxes derived from it, Green replied that the revenues were necessary to the proper development of the county. He testified earlier that the county would lose \$108,975 in taxes if Alexandria wins its suit.

On examination by John S. Barbour, of Arlington counsel, Green passed more than an hour citing the many benefits derived from the county, contrasted with those of Alexandria. A \$10,000 home would be assessed at \$2,500 in Arlington, he said, and \$3,100 in Alexandria. As the Arlington tax rate is \$2.50 to Alexandria's \$3.65, the owner of such a home would pay a 45% tax in the county, and \$135.15 in the city, he said.

**Petition Is Attacked.**

A petition favoring annexation, purporting to have been signed by "more than 200 residents of the town of Potomac," was the subject of an attack by Walter V. Varney, corporation counsel of the town. Varney testified that of the 184 signers of the petition, but 65 are registered voters, and that 94 are freeholders. He further declared that many of the signatures had been made in the same handwriting.

Testimony that Mayor William A. Brewster of Potomac voted against annexation the night before his defeat by the city, however, granted a number of supervisors, and afterward became an ardent advocate of the Alexandria case, was stricken from the record as irrelevant, he said.

**School Value Given.**

The question of valuation of improved property on land owned by the Virginia city was touched on for the first time yesterday when Frank Upman, Washington architect, told the court that, although the city is expending \$100,000 on the construction of a sewer in the Hooft Run Basin until the lower portion of the stream, passing through Alexandria, was severed.

**Police Hold Father  
As Robber of Son**

William James Kanode, 42 years old, 911 I street northwest, an electrician, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having stolen a watch chain and knife valued at \$30 from his son, James D. Kanode, 17 years old, 911 I street northwest.

Kanode is held at the First Precinct charged with petty larceny. He is alleged to have pawned the watch chain and knife for \$8, and then to have sold the pawn ticket for \$2. He was arrested at his home when his wife notified police of the missing watch chain.

**Auto Hurts Boy's Head.**

Walter L. Grimes, 6 years old, 1544 B street southeast, suffered a slight concussion of the brain last night when he was knocked down by an automobile while crossing the street in front of 118 Fifteenth street southeast. He was taken to Casualty Hospital and treated by Dr. Lawrence Murphy. John F. Casey, 1455 Ridge place southeast, was said to have been driving the auto.

**Girl Hurt by Hit-Run Bicycle.**

Virginia Biggles, colored, 11 years old, 631 Fourth street northeast, was hit yesterday afternoon at Ninth and D streets northeast by a hit-and-run bicycle. The girl was taken to Casualty Hospital and treated for a fractured right collar bone.

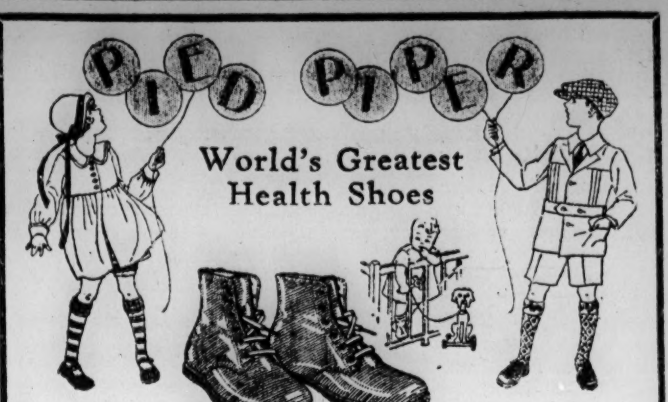
**San Francisco Fund  
Requires \$3,600,000**

Judge George H. Crothers, of San Francisco, Calif., at a dinner last night at the Mayflower Hotel last night appealed to Californians residing in Washington to give their support to the drive to raise a fund of \$3,600,000 necessary to complete the Grace Cathedral, now under construction on the heights overlooking San Francisco Bay. H. C. Wyckoff, of San Francisco, also spoke. Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur was toastmaster.

**Little Men**

have big ideas and high IDEALS. Are their Shoes as good as YOUR BOYS' deserve? Remember, caring for feet is better than curing them—and much easier.

**Arthur Burt Shoe Co., 1343 F St.**



Priced from  
**\$2.75 to \$7**

"In Pied Piper Shoes the delicate feet are trained to grow as nature intended. The ankles, arches and insteps are correctly supported; the muscles, ligaments and bones are properly strengthened. It is a parental duty to insist on Pied Piper shoes."

## Berberich's TWELFTH and F STS.

INVESTIGATION ASKED  
OF FRANKING PRIVILEGE

Letter to New Mentions Seem-  
ing Abuse by War Pre-  
vention Secretary.

W. W. Bowie to Be Honored  
by Associates of Pennsyl-  
vania Lines Here.

McCLINTIC IS INVOLVED HOLDS POST 27 YEARS

Postmaster General New was asked yesterday by the House naval committee to investigate alleged violation of the congressional franking privilege of one of its Democratic members, McClintic, of Oklahoma. Frederick J. Libby, executive secretary of the National Council for the Prevention of War, requested the investigation.

The request was tendered in a letter by Representative Andrew (Republican), Massachusetts, on behalf of the committee, which Wednesday voted to refer the matter to the department rather than conduct an inquiry itself. Andrew said that the investigation was desired in view of the misuse "indicated in the affidavit and accompanying documents." He explained that an affidavit sworn to by Harold M. Weeks, of Wellesley Hills, Mass., was to the effect that Weeks had received in an unstamped envelope bearing McClintic's frank a report opposing the new warship construction program by McClintic, which was frankable, and five other documents, which were not frankable. Andrew outlined the five alleged unfrankable documents as follows:

1. A letter on the stationery of the national council signed by William A. Brewster, for \$100,000 to carry on the organization's work; a subscription card; a return envelope; a pamphlet telling of the council's work; and another pamphlet giving the names of the council's officers and appealing for cooperation with the council in its work.

Andrew said that the committee accepted without question McClintic's statement that he had turned over 20,000 sealed envelopes to the Libby containing nothing but his report.

The national council recently denied that it had violated the franking privilege and joined with McClintic in demanding an investigation.

**Rudolph Jose Wins  
City Club Election**

Rudolph Jose was elected president at the election held at the City Club last night. The election was very quiet with about one-third of the membership casting their votes. There was no opposition for the officers elected.

Other officers elected were Edward Brashers, first vice president; Paul Leash, second vice president; Harry R. Carroll, treasurer, and Dr. O. U. Singer, secretary. The board of governors elected included Maj. Guy Withers, M. O. Chance, Orlando Smith, B. E. Hinton, Peter Dorch, M. D. Rosenberg and Joseph Harris.

**30 Years' Experience  
Prove Cold Air Is  
Good for Furs**

Security  
Storage Company  
A Safe Depository for 37 Years.

1140 Fifteenth Street  
4 1/2 Blocks North of the White House.  
C. A. ASPINWALL, President

Today and Tomorrow Only--  
You Can Step In and Get  
A Beautiful, New  
Spring  
Cravat  
for only  
**85c**

Choice of new spring patterns and the finest value we could find--Reps



## QUAKES, TIDAL WAVE AND CYCLONE BRING DESPAIR IN BALKANS

Everything in the Harbor of  
Philippopolis Sunk; City  
Is Inundated.

## THUNDER AND LIGHTNING; END OF WORLD VISIONED

American Tents, Condensed  
Milk and Other Supplies  
Sent to the Scene.

Vienna, April 26 (A.P.).—The whole of the Balkan Peninsula, shaken by a series of devastating earthquakes in the past week, is still being swept by violent tremors.

The latest cities to fall in the wake of the earth's terrific movement are the ancient city of Adrianople, in European Turkey, and the large Bulgarian city of Varna, on the Black Sea, while the successive subterranean upheavals have completed the destruction of the classical Greek city of Corinth and several additional towns in Bulgaria.

The Varna earthquake, which took place last night, is described as worse than that which caused great damage in the populous city of Philippopolis several days ago. It was accompanied by a giant tidal wave which inundated the city and sank everything in the harbor.

The far-famed islands of Mytilene and Syra in the Aegean Sea, immortalized by Byron, and places where the American Near East Relief is caring for 10,000 Greek and Armenian orphans, also were swept by a cyclone which unroofed hundreds of houses, damaged crops and spread panic throughout the population.

United States Nurses Escape.  
Many American nurses and relief workers in Corinth had a narrow escape from death in one of the shocks as the temporary relief station in which they were aiding the injured collapsed.

Three of their number—Edna Bassett, of Los Angeles; Grace Harris, of New York; and Emma Cushman, of Boston—rendered heroic service in rescuing victims buried in the ruins caused by the quakes.

Torrential rains and hailstorms are multiplying the misery of the shelterless and distracted populace, while continuous earth tremors and crescendos of thunder and lightning are causing the superstitious among the peasants to believe that the end of the world is coming.

Americans Giving Help.  
With traditional promptness, American generosity is extending aid in all of the ruined areas. The contributions of the American people to the Red Cross are being used in Bulgaria. The Near East Relief is rushing to Corinth 5,000 cases of condensed milk, 2,500 tents, 6,000 blankets and other relief supplies, some of which was donated by the public school children of New York City to the Greek Women's Patriotic League. The same organization is dispatching 8,000 tents, 15,000 garments, medicine and money to various other districts in the Balkan earthquake zone.

Cernauli, Roumania, April 26 (A.P.).—The whole population was panic-stricken this afternoon when a heavy, slimy rain converted the day into black night. People knelt in the slime-covered streets to pray for mercy.

The phenomena was attributed to lava dust from the Balkan regions, which have been repeatedly shaken by earthquakes during the last week. The dust was believed to have been precipitated by lightning and other occurrences have been reported from Bessarabia.

(Associated Press.)  
A contribution of \$15,000 toward the relief of earthquake sufferers in Greece and Bulgaria was made yesterday by the American Red Cross through the State Department.

The Greek Red Cross will receive \$5,000 for use in the Corinth district and \$10,000 will be sent to the Red Cross. The American Red Cross sent \$5,000 to Bulgaria April 26.

**\$1,000,000 Policy  
Written on Jolson**

Special to The Washington Post.  
New York, April 26.—The life of Al Jolson has been insured for \$1,000,000, payable to Warner Brothers Pictures, Inc., it was learned today from Arthur W. Stebbins, broker, through whom the insurance deal was made. It is learned that the reason for this heavy insurance lies in the public's apparent aversion to seeing dead men in motion pictures, and to hearing them sing.

Rudolph Valentino has been about the only posthumous success in pictures. It was said, and Jolson, comedian, with his latest success bearing such a title as "The Jazz Singer," is declared not at all of that type. Jolson is now in California making "The Singing Fool."

**Landslide Kills 2 Men  
At Work on New Road**

Welch, W. Va., April 26 (A.P.).—Two steam shovel operators were killed yesterday near Jager when a landslide crushed them while they were at work on a road construction project. A section of cliff weighing hundreds of tons composed the slide. The men were Del Collins, of Omar, and Ona Hedrick, of Elkins.

**Will Rogers Predicts  
Flood Before Relief**

Special to The Washington Post.  
St. Paul, Minn., April 26.—I am just sitting here looking out over the Mississippi River and it's up pretty high. So I am just giving all my friends down South warning. Now, it will take this raise a long time to reach down there, but it will get there ahead of Government relief. So get ready; this water has got to go somewhere. Have your Ford cars into amphibians, yours. WILL ROGERS.

**Dance in  
Comfort**

It's our business to give shoes with discouraged soles new hope and hop. For old shoe comfort with new shoe appearance, see

**SELIS Shoe Repair Co.**  
216 14th St. N.W.  
Between Eye and K

## BREMEN, ITS INTREPID CREW AND FORD RELIEF PLANE



## QUEBEC PAYS FINAL HONORS TO BENNETT

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

good will, who had given his life in assisting strangers from foreign lands. It was the second time within a year that Canada had returned with its honors to her sister nation the body of a hero of the air. Last July Ottawa paid similar tribute to Flight Lieut. J. "Bud" Johnson, of the Selfridge Field pursuit squadron, who had crashed on a good will mission.

New York Plans Rites.  
New York, April 26 (A.P.).—On a day which had been set aside for celebration, New York tomorrow will pay its last tribute to its hero son—Floyd Bennett. With welcoming ceremonies for the crew of the transatlantic plane Bremen deferred until next week, arrangements were completed today for civic honor to the pilot who died while attempting to aid his comrades of the air, when his body arrives here from Quebec tomorrow morning.

The body will be met at Grand Central Terminal at 7:30 o'clock and under the escort of naval and special police detachments will be taken on a gun carriage to the Seventy-first Regiment Armory in Park avenue where it will lie in state for one hour before continuing its journey to Washington for burial. The public will be permitted to view the body from 8 to 9 o'clock. After a private musical service the body will be taken to Pennsylvania Station and placed aboard a special car for Washington at 10:10 o'clock.

A guard of 86 patrolmen, four squads from the Seventy-first Regiment, details of the Sixteenth United States Infantry at Governors Island and the Brooklyn Navy Yard will stand over the body in the armory. Six navy warrant officers will form a guard of honor and eight seamen will act as bearers. Bennett's widow, his mother, Mrs. Henrietta Bennett, and his half brother, B. T. Patrick, with Commander Richard E. Byrd and Mrs. Byrd, will go to the Hotel Baltimore on the arrival here after which they will attend the services at the armory.

Message to Mrs. Bennett.  
Bennett was saluted in death as a valiant and noble gentleman by the transatlantic fliers to whose aid he was flying when he was stricken with pneumonia, in a message from them received today.

"Deeply shocked to hear of the death of your gallant husband," read a telegram from Greenly Island addressed to Mrs. Bennett and received at the offices of the Byrd Antarctic expedition. "May you receive some consolation in the knowledge that he died as he lived, always at his post, always helping others. By his death you and America have suffered an irreparable loss. We sympathize with you in your grief and the noble gentleman."

The telegram was signed "Koehl, Fitzmaurice, Huenefeld." Navy Airmen Pallbearers.  
Six naval aviators, all on duty in the Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department, will be pallbearers at the burial service of Machinist Floyd Bennett, U. S. N., internationally famous aviator, at Arlington National Cemetery this afternoon, shortly after 3 o'clock.

They are Lieuts. John Perry, C. M. Huntington, Lieut. Col. J. S. D. Smith, W. S. Reichelderfer and W. S. Diehl. With further details regarding services in the hands of his companion of the North Pole and other Arctic flights, Comdr. R. E. Byrd, at Quebec, the Navy Department was unable to announce any further information other than that at the request of Mrs. Bennett, officers were being made to secure the Rev. L. E. Smith, of the Norfolk, Va., Presbyterian Church, and family pastor to officiate at the service.

The body will arrive here at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and will be taken direct to Arlington National Cemetery where burial will be made with full military honors, including the usual escort of blue-jackets, the sounding of "taps" by a bugler and rifle salute by a firing squad will take place. The cortege, including the caisson bearing the body, will assemble at the Ford Relief plane at 4 o'clock.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Aeronautics Warner will represent the Navy Department at the funeral, and Secretary of War Davis had not yet decided yesterday whether he would be able to attend the funeral and respect the naval reserve unit in that city and address the Richmond Young Men's Christian Association. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Robinson also will not be able to attend.

**German Papers Eulogize  
Bennett for His Heroism**

Berlin, April 26 (A.P.).—The death of Floyd Bennett has aroused profound sympathy throughout Germany. This found expression in tribute paid the flyer in the metropolitan papers today.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung said: "Bennett was deeply imbued with the spirit of chivalry and ever ready to help others. Devotion to duty was his supreme law. We mourn with America the loss of this exceptional man whose services to our countrymen earned him a lasting memory in all German hearts."

Lokal Anzeiger said: "In the cup of joy over the Bremen's successful flight, there is now mixed sorrow. With the American people, Germany shares in the grief over the loss of this hero who gave his life for his brothers."

Morgen Post, called Bennett the model of heroic comradeship.



Upper—The Bremen being dragged from its landing place on Greenly Island to another site in an unsuccessful attempt to launch it for the hop to Lake Ste. Agnes. Middle—The crew of the Bremen reunited on Greenly Island, left to right—Baron von Huenefeld, Capt. Koehl and Maj. Fitzmaurice. Lower—Ford relief plane in which the three airmen yesterday flew from Greenly Island to Lake Ste. Agnes. Photograph shows the plane at Greenly Island.

## FLIGHT WITH SERUM Praised DESPITE QUEBEC CRITICISMS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

tists of the New York City Health Department.  
"It was on the bare chance that this serum might help Bennett that a quantity of it was brought here by Col. Lindbergh," Dr. Delaney said. "It was an honest effort to assist in a very desperate situation."

Criticism by the Premier.  
Montreal, April 26 (Canadian Press.). Severe criticism of the flight to carry serum from New York to Quebec for the treatment of Floyd Bennett has been made by Premier L. A. Taschereau, of Quebec, and Provincial Secretary Athanase David, but Mr. David made plain that Col. Charles A. Lindbergh's part in the flight was entirely admirable.

In an address last night the premier asserted that the flight was entirely unnecessary, as there was plenty of serum in Canada. Mr. David, expanding on this statement, expressed the belief that the flight was a vulgar and spectacular publicity stunt in which unnamed persons had been used. Col. Lindbergh, himself entirely innocent of wrongdoing, to further their selfish aims.

"As for Col. Lindbergh," said the provincial secretary, "I have the utmost respect and admiration for him. He reflects the bravery of youth. I am his very great admirer. But why does he, Lindbergh, himself entirely innocent of wrongdoing, to further their selfish aims."

Not Anti-American, He Says.  
"I wish to make it quite clear that I am not anti-American, but I can not stomach this way of taking profit of a great situation under the name of charity. Here we have everything that is necessary and we do not need them to come from the United States to bring serum. We can get along without American doctors, be they the most accomplished specialists of that great country."

The serum, why they did not even try it. It was not the right kind. We pass for a country of snows. That is bad enough, without calling us a land of ignorants. We have scientists; we have serums. True, we have not all the laboratories needed, but if we could have that I hope we would be safeguarded from such a piece of stupidity as an airplane being flown from New York up here with a serum that we already possess in more than sufficient quantity.

Premier Not So Bitter.  
Premier Taschereau's remarks were not so bitter, but he left no doubt that he was skeptical of the flight unnecessary.

"In Quebec," he said, "we saw American aviators yesterday who ostensibly had come to save the life of a hero. But we had all that was wanted here. We have excellent doctors here. We have serum. We have oxygen, maybe even too much of the latter. One of those aviators asked if there was a hospital in Quebec and he asked if there was a hotel in Quebec where an aviator could find a room to stay."

"Gentlemen, it seems to be time that we made our country known. We have physicians and surgeons here who have absorbed the best science of Europe."

Col. Lindbergh was the only aviator on the serum flight, but in speaking of aviators the premier was believed to be referring to Thomas E. Appleget, private secretary to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who accompanied Lindbergh as messenger bearing the serum from the Rockefeller Institute to the Jeffrey Hale Hospital in Quebec.

Rockefeller Congratulated.  
New York, April 26 (A.P.).—Dr. Alvan L. Barach, New York specialist who attended Floyd Bennett during the aviator's fatal illness at Jeffrey Hale Hospital, Quebec, today sent to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., a letter of appreciation for his help in efforts to save Bennett's life.

High praise was given Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, who flew through snow and rain to Quebec with pneumonia serum furnished by the Rockefeller Foundation, and Dr. Barach explained that although he might have obtained sufficient serum in Montreal he was "particularly anxious to get serum from the New York City Department of Health," since it "had many advantages over that available in other quarters."

The letter followed upon severe criticism by Premier L. A. Taschereau of Quebec and other provincial officials who felt that serum available in Canada would have been as useful as serum brought to the hospital by Col. Lindbergh.

Appreciation Is Expressed.  
Dr. Barach's letter to Mr. Rockefeller read in part: "My dear Mr. Rockefeller: I wish to express my sincere appreciation for the help which you gave us in the attempt to save Mr. Bennett. Col. Lindbergh did a very real service in supplying us with serum, inasmuch as we would have administered type 1 or type 2 serum if his pneumonia had been due to either organism. Type 3 serum is still in the experimental stage and has not proven to be of any clinical value."

"When you offered to send the serum, I was very glad to accept it as I know that the New York City Department of Health, under the direction of Dr. Park, had developed this year a type 2 serum (retained either by Felson at Harvard or by Southard at the New York City Health Department). This has many

## SPANISH AVIATOR HERE PLANS WORLD FLIGHT

Capt. de Alda and Comdr.  
Franco Expect to Start From  
Cadiz to U. S. in August.

## WAS ON BRAZILIAN TRIP

A round-the-world flight, including a westward passage over the Atlantic and a transatlantic hop, is to be undertaken by four Spanish aviators, starting from Cadiz, Spain, in early August, according to plans disclosed here yesterday by Capt. Ruiz de Alda, widely known Spanish flier, who accompanied Commander Ramon Franco on the flight from Spain to Brazil early in 1926. He is now in Washington consulting with American officials and experts concerning preparations for the flight. Capt. Alda will be accompanied on the flight by Commander Franco, leader of the Spain-to-Brazil journey, and Commander Galland, who flew from Madrid to the Philippines in 1927 and by a mechanic who has not yet been selected. The plane to be used will be of Spanish make and will be described as a "mammoth" machine.

After hopping off at Cadiz, stops will be made in the Azores and at Halifax, Newfoundland, on the way to New York.

The start will be made August 1, irrespective of weather conditions, Capt. Alda stated. He explained that one of the purposes of the flight is to establish a regular air mail route linking Europe with the United States. The flight will be a regular air mail route linking Europe with the United States. The flight will be a regular air mail route linking Europe with the United States.

The itinerary of the aviators after their arrival in New York as outlined yesterday by Capt. Alda, will carry them to Havana, Cuba; Vera Cruz, Mexico; La Paz, Mexico; San Francisco, Calif.; and to Prince Rupert, Alaska, before they attempt the transatlantic crossing.

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F STREET CORNER OF 13TH

## MAITLAND WILL FLY ARMY PLANES ABROAD

Hawaiian-Trip Aviator Expects Practice in England, France, Germany, Italy.

Lieut. Lester J. Maitland, who made the first nonstop flight to the Hawaiian Islands, will sail for Europe in the first part of June to fly military planes of the principal European powers, he announced last night.

"I am especially interested," he said, "in comparing the military planes of foreign countries with our military planes. It is something which has never been done before, so far as I know, and it is one of the most instructive and valuable. I expect to be over there about six weeks or two months, which will give me enough time to see with him, but this is as yet undecided. The War Department has granted Maitland three months' leave of absence so that he will not go to the flying fields of Europe in an official capacity."

Maitland plans to go to England first. From there he will go to Germany, France and Italy. He hopes that Lieut. Albert F. Heegenberger, his partner on the Hawaiian flight, will be able to go with him, but this is as yet undecided. The War Department has granted Maitland three months' leave of absence so that he will not go to the flying fields of Europe in an official capacity.

## Lilli Dillenz Keeping Her Hop-Off a Secret

Berlin, April 26 (A.P.).—Every effort will be made to keep secret the time of start for America of Lilli Dillenz, Viennese actress, on the Junkers plane, Europa, whenever it may be. This, Herr Dillenz, the actress' husband, emphatically stated today.

"We don't want anybody to know when or where we start," he said. "Now will I divulge the route. I am merely telling you that my wife will be headed for New York, and the ice-bound regions of the north."

At the Junkers offices it was asserted that the deal with Mme. Dillenz was not yet completed. "So far as we are concerned," said one of the Junkers' representatives, "we will not report her experiences so that we might profit thereby in outfitting another plane."

## Polish Fliers Prepare Transatlantic Flight

Le Bourget, France, April 26 (A.P.).—Another transatlantic flight, starting from Paris to New York, this time by two Polish fliers, is scheduled for a start shortly, probably early next month.

Maj. Louis Idzkowski and Maj. Casimir Kubala, who have been secretly preparing for an Atlantic hop, made a 14-hour test flight with the Junkers today and landed here this afternoon declaring themselves delighted with the behavior of their plane. During the flight they went over the Atlantic off Cherbourg. They plan to attempt the Paris-to-New York hop in the early days of May.

## One Marriage in Five Is Brought Into Court

New York, April 26 (A.P.).—One out of every five new marriages in the United States is brought into court, says a report of the United States Children's Bureau read before the joint committee on Domestic Relations Courts of the National Probation Association.

The report criticizes the present divorce and nonsupport courts, saying "these courts do not make use of the material they secure. It is a wastefulness that would cause a national ruin in an industrial establishment."

The report said the bureau had made exhaustive study of the problems underlying family disruption and divorce and was formulating methods of correction.

## Hickey-Freeman CUSTOMIZED CLOTHES ENGLISH FLANNEL

LIGHTER weight suits for spring are again presented in English flannels. These fine fabrics offer unusual comfort, which is enhanced by the hand-tailoring of Hickey-Freeman. Single and double breasted models now on display.

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Three exposures  
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at Belden Gardens

## LINDBERGH WILL FLY NEW CURTISS ROBIN

Tests Machine He Will Use in Flight to St. Louis; May Hop Off Today.

Curtiss Field, N. Y., April 26 (A.P.).—Col. Charles A. Lindbergh made a surprise visit to Curtiss Field today and spent half an hour in the air in the new Curtiss Robin, the first commercial plane built by the Curtiss Co.

Maj. William B. Robertson, of St. Louis, Col. Lindbergh's former employer in the air mail service, announced that he and Lindbergh would fly to St. Louis in the Robin, perhaps tomorrow. After trying out the Robin, Col. Lindbergh made a short flight, accompanied by Harry Knight and H. M. Bixby, in his new Ryan monoplane.

The Robin is a small cabin monoplane with an OX-5 motor. Previous planes made by the Curtiss Co. all have been for military purposes.

Special to The Washington Post.  
Mitchell Field, Long Island, April 26. Those who wondered why Col. Charles A. Lindbergh wore a 45-caliber Army automatic when he hopped off for Quebec with anti-pneumonia serum may now have their curiosity appeased. The automatic was issued to him, it was explained at this field today. Every aviator who takes an Army plane aloft, and Lindbergh flew a Curtiss-Falcon observation plane, receives a regulation flying suit, parachute and gun, all of which he is required to wear.

## U. S. Citizenship Held Above Baron's Title

Los Angeles, April 26 (A.P.).—A youthful studio film cutter announced to friends here today that he was cousin and next of kin to the late Baron Peter Wrangel and that he would accompany the late leader of the Russian white army if that acceptance would not endanger his aspirations to become an American citizen.

Baron Peter Wrangel, a Russian nobleman employed in the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer studios, said, "I have filed naturalization papers. I'd rather be an American citizen with a good job than a Russian baron without any."

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## LOWDEN AND DAWES ASSAILED IN HOUSE FARM RELIEF DEBATE

Former Governor Compelled to Accept Equalization Fee, Clarke Says.

AGRICULTURE LOBBY CHARGED BY ASWELL

Haugen Says Need of Help Is as Great Today as Several Years Ago.

Associated Press.

Farm relief and the presidential candidacy of Frank O. Lowden and Vice President Dawes became intertwined in the House yesterday as it began debate on the McNary-Haugen relief bill. Two members, Aswell, of Louisiana, a Democrat, and Clarke, of New York, a Republican, asserted that Lowden's friends were using the measures to get him into the White House and Aswell went further with the statement that the same use of them was being made in Dawes' behalf.

The Louisianaan branched into Dawes-Lowden politics with the assertion that the Vice President's supporters had sidetracked Lowden now after using him as long as they wanted to and turned to Dawes. The Vice President, he said, "represents the international bankers and they are behind him to cancel the war debts."

Politicians in Saddle.

Clarke, who like Aswell, is a member of the House agricultural committee that framed the Haugen bill being considered as a substitute for the McNary measure, already passed by the Senate, declared the "politician was in the saddle" in an effort to erect one of the bills, which he described as "built upon the shifting sands of political expediency."

He added that Lowden had been a good friend of the farmers up to the time he "got politics in his veins" and that the politician had "cornered Lowden and made him accept the equalization fee." He also declared that the bill had been "framed and supported by paid political propagandists." Aswell and Clarke took the floor after Chairman Haugen had opened the discussion with an explanation of the bill, during which he reviewed changes made by the agriculture committee in response to objections raised by President Coolidge in his veto message of last year's McNary-Haugen measure.

Haugen Explains Bill.

Haugen declared the need for relief still was as great as when the farm problem first was brought before Congress several years ago. He also covered many points set forth in his lengthy report filed with the House endorsing the bill and urging its enactment, and which, in detail, took up the revisions made in the new measure.

Aswell said that an "organized lobby" called the corn belt lobby "wanted the bill vetoed to make it appear that they had given Lowden an issue on which to run for the Presidency. He declared that this lobby had sat outside of the agriculture committee room to keep watch on the committee during its deliberations in executive session.

The lobby also threatened to hang "the skins" of members on a "fence rail" at home if they refused to support the equalization fee, he continued, adding, "If there is one thing that could draft President Coolidge, it would be another veto of this measure."

Coolidge Has Dynamited Hole.

Aswell said that Democrats had been urged to vote for the bill to put the President in a hole but that Mr. Coolidge had "dynamited the hole" and that his veto had swept "like wildfire across the continent."

Aswell declared that the committee had not started work on farm relief until January because the farm representatives did not reach Washington until then and that it would have been impossible to start without them.

"It appears to me that after spending four years studying agriculture," he continued, "that it is a vain childish

## WEST VIRGINIA SEEMS AS LOST TO HOOVER

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

blood to do so. The Willis forces in Ohio were shouting that they had been singled out for a fight. Now with a greater victory in Ohio than had been expected, a lot of observers are giving the secretary the nomination. By the same process of reasoning, it will probably be taken away from him if he loses in the Hoosier State. So the Hooverites wish there was nothing such as Indiana on the horizon.

As to the outcome in Indiana, study of the Ohio results would rather dampen the Hoover Indiana hopes that the turn-over in Illinois had given them. There was a spouting of people against the established order in Illinois and there were hopes in the Hoover camp that this revolt would sweep over into Indiana and overthrow Senator Watson because he is an established order.

But the Ohio campaign seemed to have checked the revolting spirit. Only about 300,000 voters participated in the Republican primary, revealing that the electorate of that State was not interested. The established order was not overturned.

Organization Not With Hoover.

When Mr. Hoover filed in that State the Republican machine split, part of it going with the Secretary and part remaining with Senator Willis. The part that went with the Secretary won, an analysis of the vote showing that where the organization was with Hoover he won and where it was against him he lost.

If this follows in Indiana, and Hoover publicity is saying that the result in Indiana will be the same as in Ohio, then he will not carry a single district, because that is the result in Indiana with him in the Hoosier State. It remained intact with Senator Watson. The Hoover forces admit the lack of split organization assistance in Indiana but are basing their hopes on a great uprising of the people. Well, they did not rise up in Ohio.

There is interest here as to whether Undersecretary of the Treasury Mills will go into Indiana to campaign for the Secretary. He did go into Ohio. Senator Watson has complained to Secretary Mellon that his Undersecretary has no right trying to give the impression that Hoover is the administration candidate unless he really is, and the senator is afraid that Mills' appearance in his State will be construed in that light. It remains to be seen what effect the senator's complaint will have. For the time being Mr. Mills is busy trying to make the New York organization leaders see that the Ohio victory means Mr. Hoover's nomination, but they are a stubborn lot up there.

## SMITH MEN CLAIMING TOTAL OF 775 VOTES

734 Needed for Nomination, 621 Pledged and 154 Others Seen in Reserve.

New York, April 26 (A.P.).—The New York State Democratic committee, in a statement made public today, asserted Gov. Smith would enter the Democratic convention with 621 delegates in support of his nomination as President and a reserve strength of 154 that would support him after discharging obligations to favorite sons.

California's 28 delegates, who will be elected on May 1, were listed in the doubtful column by the committee, although it expects the delegation will be friendly to the governor. Under the Democratic convention's two-third rule, 734 votes are necessary for a nomination.

Simultaneously with the opening of larger headquarters at the Hotel Biltmore, the State committee announced the appointment of George R. Van Namee as manager of the Smith pre-convention activities, a post he has been filling for several weeks in a volunteer capacity.

Mr. Van Namee is a member of the State Public Service Commission and a former secretary to the governor.

thing to pass this bill when we know it never can become a law. This measure was written and driven through the committee by organized farm representatives. It does not represent the intelligence of the committee nor the views of the American farmers."

\$1,644,000 for Coronation.

Tokyo, April 26 (A.P.).—In preparation for the coronation of Emperor Hirohito at Kyoto next November both houses of the Japanese Diet have voted \$1,644,000 for expenses.

## STATE LEADER DOUBTS HOOVER CAN CARRY OHIO

Effect of Tuesday's Primary Can Not Be Told Now, Says Chairman Warner.

20 VOTES MAY BE SPLIT

Marion, Ohio, April 26 (A.P.).—Republican State Chairman Fred W. Warner declared today he doubted whether Secretary Herbert Hoover, who won a sweeping victory in Tuesday's primary in Ohio, will be able to carry the State at the November election if he is the nominee of the Kansas City convention. Warner was one of the leaders of the anti-Hoover campaign and was on the Willis slate of delegates at large which was defeated.

"The effect of Tuesday's primary upon conditions in Ohio can not be determined until after the national convention at Kansas City in June," Warner said. "The districts that elected delegates for Herbert Hoover can hardly be depended upon to carry the State for him at the general election and he will be obliged to procure considerable support from districts that declared strongly against him."

"In the 1924 election Mr. Maschke, of Cleveland, lost that city for Coolidge by more than 50,000, and in the last gubernatorial election Hamilton County defeated its own candidate for election after having voted for him in the nomination, as it did Tuesday for Hoover. The rural sections that voted for anti-Hoover delegates registered an opposition to Hoover rather than a choice for any other candidate and, in my opinion, the nomination of Hoover will meet with considerable opposition in the rural sections on the day of election."

Though Herbert Hoover assured the support of 31 of Ohio's 51 delegates to the national Republican convention as a result of Tuesday's primary, just where the other 20, who were pledged to the late Senator Frank B. Willis, will swing their support is unknown.

Since the death of their leader, which occurred March 30, while he was campaigning for the presidential nomination, the Willis slate of delegates has advocated candidacies of several other possibilities. Among the list are Vice President Dawes, a native Ohioan; Lowden, Curtis, Hughes and Coolidge. Entering the convention as an unattached delegation, it is not unlikely the Willis slate will split its strength.

The Democratic delegation, however, will present a nearly solid front, 47 of the State's 48 being lined up to vote for former Senator Alfred B. Pomeroy on the first ballot at Houston. The other delegate, an anti-organization member, is committed to Gov. Smith of New York.

## Honolulu Instructs Delegates for Smith

Honolulu, April 25 (A.P.).—Delegates to the Democratic territorial convention late today instructed their six representatives to the national convention at Houston, Texas, to support the presidential nomination candidacy of Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York.

The decision to support Smith came after a two-hour argument over the exact terms of the instructions.

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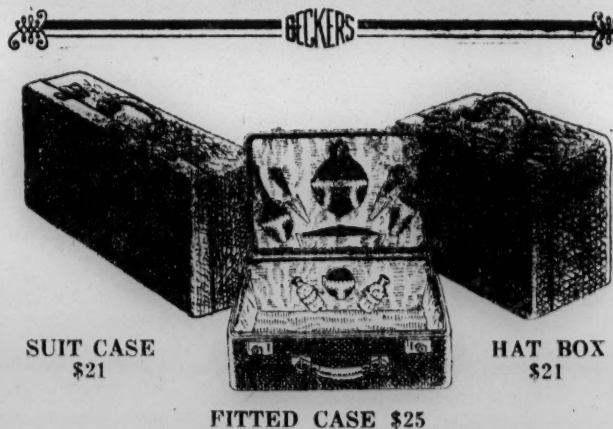


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## DESTROYER DIVISION IS ORDERED BY U.S. TO CHINA WAR ZONE

Thirty-ninth Sails for Chefoo  
to Observe Developments  
in Shantung.

## AMERICAN IS PRISONER, PEKING LEGATION HEARS

L. C. Osborn, of the Nazarene  
Mission at Chaocheng,  
Reported Seized.

Shanghai, China, April 26 (A.P.).—The Thirty-ninth United States Destroyer Division sailed today from Nagasaki for Chefoo to observe developments in Shantung, although the movement is classed as the routine summering in northern waters. The Sixteenth Submarine Division also has sailed for maneuvers at Chefoo.

The report of the occupation of Tsinan, capital of Shantung Province, by the Southern forces proved today to be premature. Reliable sources in Tsinan show that the latter city is still in the hands of the Northern forces. The city is calm and train service is working normally without any sign of overcrowding, these reports say.

The Northern forces claim to be holding the line—Tingyin, Feicheng and Tsinfu considerably to the south of the line. A conference of Northern generals held at Tsinan decided to confine the supreme command to Sun Chuan-fang.

The American, British and Japanese governments are adopting precautions for the protection of their interests. The British consul at Chefoo has advised British Nationals to remove to Weihaiwei, which is British territory.

**Capture Report Brings Inquiry.**

Peking, April 26 (A.P.).—The American Legation was investigating a report today that L. C. Osborn, of the Nazarene Mission at Chaocheng, western Shantung, had been taken prisoner by the Nationalist army in their advance across that province. He was said to have been taken to Kailchow, in southern Chihli.

The consul general at Hankow was instructed to investigate the report and seek the release of Osborn if he proved to be a captive.

**Seymour Shooting Confirmed.**

The only confirmed instance of an American being shot in the war zone was the shooting of Dr. Walter P. Seymour, superintendent of the Presbyterian Hospital at Tsinan, southern Shantung, by a Japanese soldier.

Evidence today pointed to this soldier being a follower of the nationalist general, Feng Yu-hsiang. Consular advice from Tsingtao and Tsinan today convinced authorities here that Japanese reports of the slaying of an American Methodist missionary at Yen-chowfu, Shantung, were erroneous, being garbled versions of the slaying of Dr. Seymour. According to these versions the killing of the missionary was due to his having harbored wounded northern soldiers, and Dr. Seymour is known to have treated northerners at his Presbyterian Hospital here.

**DIED**

**ALLAIRE**—On Thursday, April 26, 1928, at 9:10 p. m., after a long illness, Mrs. Ella M. Allaire, nee Thompson, 924 New York avenue, northwest. Funeral services at 10:30 a. m., Tuesday, April 29, at the home, 924 New York avenue, northwest. Burial in the Mount Pleasant cemetery.

**BOYER**—Suddenly, on Tuesday, April 24, 1928, at his home, 2500 S. Main street, northwest, ALBERT W., husband of the late Henrietta Boyer, aged seventy-seven years.

**FUNERAL**—From Ninth Street Christian Church on Friday, April 27, at 1 p. m. Interment at Lincoln.

**COLE**—On Tuesday, April 24, 1928, at 10 p. m., at his residence, 1102 Eighth street, northwest, JOHN E. Cole, husband of the late Mary E. Cole, aged 68 years. Interment at the above residence on Friday, April 27, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Congressional Cemetery.

**DONLEY**—On Thursday, April 26, 1928, at his residence, 321 North Washington street, southeast, LU A. DONLEY, aged 72 years. Interment at Lincoln, Ohio, on Saturday, April 28.

**DULTON**—On Tuesday, April 24, 1928, at his home, 1212 E. Street, northeast, CHARLES D. DULTON, husband of the late Mary Dulton, aged 68 years. Interment at the above residence on Friday, April 27, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Congressional Cemetery.

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## Day in Congress

Met at noon and recessed at 4:30 to meet at noon today.

Began debate on the Swing-Johnson Boulder Canyon dam bill.

Finance committee voted to report out a \$200,000,000 tax reduction bill as a substitute for the \$200,000,000 bill passed by the House.

Voted to vacate its order of arrest against Robert W. Stewart, Indiana Standard Oil official, but took steps looking to his further prosecution by turning over to United States Attorney Rover extracts of his testimony before the Teapot Dome committee. Rover will decide whether a perjury charge should be lodged against Stewart.

Senator Jones (Republican), Washington, announced after a visit to the White House that President Coolidge would approve the flood control bill after it emerges from conference.

Passed the Robinson bill authorizing the United States Marine Band to attend the United Confederate Veterans Reunion in Little Rock, Ark., May 8 to 10.

Senator La Follette (Republican), Wisconsin, introduced a resolution for a joint congressional committee to investigate the unemployment situation.

Senator Capper (Republican), Kansas, introduced a resolution providing for a National Oil Trails road to stretch from this city to Los Angeles.

**HOUSE.**

Met at noon and adjourned at 4:20 to meet at noon today.

Began debate on the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill.

Representatives Clarke (Democrat), Louisiana, and Clarke (Republican), New York, declared that the farm relief bill was being used to get Frank O. Lowden, ex-governor of Illinois, out of the White House. Aswell also charged that it was being used to put Vice President Dawes in the White House.

Representative McClintic (Democrat), Oklahoma, openly accused Representative Andrew (Republican), Massachusetts, of being the "snapper" on the naval affairs committee who gave in the press the first story regarding McClintic's alleged violation of the franking privilege.

Military affairs committee favorably reported the James bill authorizing the award of the Distinguished Flying Cross to the Irish-German crew of the airplane Bremen.

Representative Updike (Republican), Indiana, introduced a bill to grant the rank of lieutenant general to the commandant of the Marine Corps.

Representative Burton (Republican), Ohio, introduced a bill to have the bodies of members of the Lafayette Escadrille removed to the crypt of the Memorial de l'Escadrille Lafayette in Paris de Villeneuve l'Etang, France.

known to have treated northerners at his Presbyterian Hospital here.

A consular survey of Americans in the battle area completed yesterday showed that they were distributed as follows: Ichowfu, two; Tenghsien, five; Tsinan, three; Yenchowfu, one, and Tsinfu, fifteen.

A Japanese regiment arrived at Tsinan, capital of Shantung, which has fallen into the hands of nationalists.

**News of Capture to U. S.**

Kansas City, April 26 (A.P.).—Word of the capture of L. C. Osborn, Nazarene missionary, by Chinese soldiers was received at the Nazarene Mission headquarters here yesterday. The information was contained in an unsigned cablegram from Tientsin, China, which said:

"Military holding L. C. Osborn interior. Consul has referred to Peking. Awaiting results. Do not anticipate any danger."

It was assumed the message was from O. P. Deale, Nazarene missionary at Tientsin.

Mr. Osborn, whose home is in Olmstead Falls, Ohio, has been in China since 1916, when he went there with his wife, Mrs. Osborn. He has been a missionary of the Church of the Nazarene since 1916.

Started at Chaocheng.

He was stationed at Chaocheng in western Shantung province, but for the past year he had his headquarters at Tientsin because of the trouble in the interior. It was assumed at the church headquarters here that he may have gone back to Chaocheng, where dispatches from Peking reported he was captured, on an inspection trip.

It was believed also he might have been captured by the Beiping-Kiaochow, Pashan, Calif., missionary superintendent, who recently went to China to inspect the missions.

The Premier's office in the United States on furlough in 1923, and returned to his post in September, 1924.

He was born in Columbia Station, Ohio, November 20, 1862, and attended Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea, Ohio, and Taylor University, Upland, Ind.

**REVIEWING THE WHOLE CONTINENTAL**

While conceding that technically Stewart had freed himself from the charges which were filed against him by the Senate, Senator Nye said:

"Personally, I am not inclined to agree that Mr. Stewart is any more entitled to be heard from the Senate than Benedict Arnold is entitled to a resolution approved by the Senate excusing him for his treachery in his time."

**Joint Committee Will Seek to Meet Objections to \$325,000,000 Bill.**

(Associated Press.)

President Coolidge, having expressed objection yesterday to some of the House amendments to the Mississippi River flood control bill, the measure must be made to make such changes as will meet presidential views.

The President's objections were made known to Chairman Jones, of the Senate commerce committee, author of the \$325,000,000 measure, and will be outlined in more detail in a memorandum which Mr. Coolidge will send to the senator today.

At that time the commerce committee will consider the bill as the House changed it and after the President's views have been studied, Senator Jones will move that the bill be sent back to the House with a request for a conference. The Washington senator is confident that the conferees will be able to report back a bill which not only will be certain of signature by the Chief Executive, but also one that will gain the approval of both houses of Congress.

**DIED**

**HOOVER**—On Thursday, April 26, 1928, at his residence, 1226 Sixteenth street, northwest, J. EDGAR HOOVER, beloved wife of William D. Hoover. Funeral services at her residence on Saturday, April 28, at 2 p. m.

**LANGRISH**—On Thursday, April 26, 1928, JOHN W. LANGRISH, beloved son of Mr. John W. and Edith J. Langrish, of 1226 Sixteenth street, northwest. Funeral services at the Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Va., on Saturday, April 28, at 10 a. m. Interment at the same place.

**POSTON**—Suddenly, on Thursday, April 26, 1928, at his residence, 1226 Sixteenth street, northwest, JAMES POSTON, beloved husband of Mrs. Poston. Funeral services at the Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Va., on Saturday, April 28, at 10 a. m. Interment at the same place.

**SMITH**—Suddenly, on Wednesday, April 25, 1928, at his residence, 1226 Sixteenth street, northwest, FRANK RINGOLD SMITH, beloved husband of Mrs. Smith. Funeral services at the Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Va., on Saturday, April 28, at 10 a. m. Interment at the same place.

## SENATE CERTIFIES STEWART TO COURT ON HIS TESTIMONY

Insists Also on Oil Magnate's  
Prosecution for Contempt  
in February Case.

VACATION OF ORDER  
FOR ARREST VOTED

Party Lines Dropped in Debate  
When Glass, Norris and  
Others Attack Accused.

(Associated Press.)

While vacating its order of arrest against Robert W. Stewart, wealthy Chicago oil official, the Senate yesterday took steps looking to his further prosecution by certifying to the district attorney of the District of Columbia extracts from his testimony before the Teapot Dome committee for study to determine whether a perjury charge should be lodged against him.

Moreover, it specifically declared its intention upon the prosecution of the chairman of the board of the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana on the contempt charge brought against him after his refusal to answer certain questions before the committee when he appeared here on February 2 and 3. That indictment is set for trial May 21.

With these actions the Senate passed on to the courts all of its differences with Stewart, which began when the oil operator appeared before the committee last February and refused to answer two questions on the ground that he was under subpoena in the Federal court in Chicago.

Assailed on Senate Floor.

These differences had their ending Tuesday when Stewart appeared and told a story of handling some of the Continental Trading Co. stock profits, which amazed the investigators and which led Chairman Nye to observe on the Senate floor:

"The witness was 'evasive' and in all probability did not tell all he knew about the purposes and affairs of the Continental Trading Co."

Not since the flaming days of four years ago when the revelations in the Teapot Dome scandal were coming thick and fast has an oil operator so flayed on the floor of the Senate as Stewart was during the hour and one-half of debate which preceded the resolutions dismissing the warrant of arrest served on him on February 3.

Partisan lines were forgotten as the assaults on one of the foremost figures in the American oil industry ebbed and flowed across the chamber. Senator Norris, a leader of the Republican insurgents, said he had no hesitancy in saying that Stewart was guilty of perjury.

Glass and Norris Speak.

"It seems to me," he said, "from the testimony given by Stewart himself, and other acts which are undisputed, and admitted, that he is guilty of perjury and has committed it before this committee."

Senator Glass (Democrat), Virginia, said Stewart's refusal to testify was for the purpose of frustrating justice to aid partner in crime, Sinclair.

"His later testimony shows in what degree he held the Senate in contempt," he said. "I think he is practically admitted, while yet denying, that he lied to the Senate committee and that he did it for a purpose—for the purpose of frustrating justice to aid partner in crime, Sinclair."

While conceding that technically Stewart had freed himself from the charges which were filed against him by the Senate, Senator Nye said:

"Personally, I am not inclined to agree that Mr. Stewart is any more entitled to be heard from the Senate than Benedict Arnold is entitled to a resolution approved by the Senate excusing him for his treachery in his time."

Reviewing the whole Continental

Trading Co. deal, wherein Stewart guaranteed that company's contracts to purchase and resell oil at a profit of 25 cents a barrel, and later received \$750,000 in liberty bonds profits which have been turned over to the Sinclair Oil Co. Purchasing Co., Norris declared:

"There is not an honest spot in it. It is dishonest from beginning to end."

Walsh Presents Report.

The committee report setting forth that Stewart had purged himself of Senate arrest by replying to the questions asked by members of the committee believe are discrepancies in his testimony of February and April was presented by Senator Walsh, of Montana, the prosecutor.

The report set forth clearly that before Stewart appeared to purge himself, the committee had obtained information without his aid quite clearly indicating that practically the entire amount of bonds still missing had been traced to Stewart.

"Whether or not on his last appearance Stewart was entirely frank and truthful in respect to the matters with relation to which he was interrogated," Senator Walsh said in discussing the report, "the committee believe that he answered all questions and thereby, in the opinion of the committee and of its counsel, George W. Wickersham, purged himself of contempt."

Objections to Resolutions.

There was objection to the form of both resolutions which Senator Walsh presented from the District of Columbia. The first vacated the order of arrest without referring to the contempt indictment against Stewart, and Senator Norris objected that the second resolution, which referred to the contempt proceedings, was an amendment to the first.

The second resolution merely certified that the District of Columbia was "for study." Senator Glass objected to that and put through an amendment, to which Senator Walsh agreed, that the committee be authorized to "with a view to having said District Attorney determine whether Robert W. Stewart should be presented to the grand jury for indictment on the charge of perjury."

Differences in Committee.

Differences of opinion which have existed in the committee of this and other matters crept out during the debate. When Senator Norris was voicing the view that the committee should have its authority in permitting Stewart to purge himself before the committee instead of at the bar of the Senate, Nye interposed that he had shared that view from the first.

The chairman's reference was to a resolution submitted by Senator Walsh when he ruled that Stewart would have to appear before the bar of the Senate and was promptly overruled by the majority.

It is an open secret that there were differences of opinion in the committee itself at the outset as to what action should be recommended to the Senate.

Senator Walsh declared yesterday on the floor that such statements were without foundation in fact and Senator Nye agreed with him, although the chairman yesterday issued a statement saying there was no ground for the expression that there were "wild differences" in the committee, indicating that there were some differences.

Walsh's Attitude Changed.

Members of the committee declared yesterday that the original draft of the resolution submitted by Senator Walsh contained no provision for certifying the record to the district attorney. This was suggested in the committee and the "open secret" that there were differences of opinion in the committee and the report covering it.

Referring to the recently announced agreement of Mexico and the United States to submit to the Hague Court of International Arbitration the selection of a neutral umpire for Mexican-American claims commissions, Ambassador Teller said he believes the presence of Mr. Morrow in Mexico City will be a potent factor in the ultimate friendly settlement of American claims. He said the failure of both governments to agree on the naming of a third member for the general and special claims commissions was due largely to technical differences of opinion and was not caused by lack of a mutual desire to effect a settlement.

"Since his arrival in Mexico City," Ambassador Teller said, "Mr. Morrow has established a working basis of friendship and sympathetic understanding that is facilitating the solution of the claims problem. He is heretofore regarded as almost perfect."

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## BOULDER DAM FOUGHT BY INTERESTS, CHANGE

Trade Commission's Inquiry  
Shows Attack in Letter to  
House Chairman.

\$600 PAID TO GOVERNORS

(Associated Press.)

Activities of the joint committee of national utilities associations in opposing the Swing-Johnson bill for the construction of Boulder Canyon dam and its wide interest in all legislation affecting big business were delved into yesterday by the Federal Trade Commission in its utility investigation.

A letter addressed to Chairman Smith of the House irrigation and reclamation committee dated January 14, 1928, charging that the Boulder Dam project was economically unsound, and contrary to the principles voiced by President Coolidge and other high Government officials, was introduced.

The letter was written by Josiah T. Newcomb, of Washington, general counsel for the construction of the dam, and it had been submitted to O. C. Merrill, executive secretary of the Federal Power Commission, who wrote a paragraph which he submitted to the committee with Congress on legislation.

Neither Davis nor Newcomb, both of whom were on the stand twice yesterday, charged that the joint committee was economically unsound, and contrary to the principles voiced by President Coolidge and other high Government officials, was introduced.

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Friday, April 27, 1928.

## AS EUROPEANS SEE IT.

Some of the foreign comment on Secretary Kellogg's proposal to renounce war is illuminating. Taken broadly, foreigners in their comments hark back instinctively to the idea that a world treaty renouncing war will be violated, and that war must be waged against the violator. The American assumption that the world's governments, once they agree to renounce war as an instrument of policy, will observe their obligation, is apparently beyond the conception of European commentators.

Proceeding on the theory that the treaty to renounce war will be violated, foreign publicists deftly suggest that the United States, as the originator of the idea, would be morally bound to join other nations in making war against any violator of the compact. Even Viscount Grey hints that Great Britain would expect the United States, in such an event, to abandon its general policy of neutrality and take sides against the violator. The tendency of European comment in general is to find some way in which the United States would be ranged with the council of the League of Nations in taking coercive if not armed measures against any nation resorting to war.

It is a sad commentary upon the state of mind in Europe when a proposal to renounce war is so distorted as to be pictured as an excuse for maintaining great armaments in order to make war. Treaties, from this European viewpoint, are made to be violated, and no nation is to be trusted.

Until this mental attitude changes it is evident that the plan to renounce war universally will not be adopted. The United States will not pursue the plan if, in order to induce other governments to accept it, this Nation must first agree to become a belligerent whenever foreign nations begin war. Present conditions are infinitely preferable to such an agreement. At present the United States is free to maintain neutrality in case of foreign wars, and if it builds up its Navy to a decent strength it will have no difficulty in maintaining neutrality. If foreign powers insist that renunciation of war is never to be a fact, but merely a flourish, it goes without saying that the United States will not be a party to the humbug.

## POULTRY INSPECTION NEEDED.

Request for the extension of Government inspection to the poultry industry has been made by Health Commissioner Harris, of New York, as the result of conditions found among chicken canners in that city. Evidence already adduced indicates that the source of the trouble is in the primary poultry markets in Chicago. The situation in New York is such that the health commissioner has ordered one plant closed, but he inclines to the theory that until corrections are made at the source of supply conditions can not be materially improved throughout the country.

It has been developed in the case of the plant that has been shut down that 20 per cent of the poultry received by it from Chicago was of the type that should have been condemned before it was killed. Officials of the cannery insisted that they conducted an inspection of their own and that the fowls that were seized had not yet been graded by their force. They have agreed, moreover, to make such changes in their equipment and practices as to insure only a healthy product.

The Department of Agriculture makes an inspection of cattle, hogs and sheep. The supervision is not confined to the various live stock markets. Conditions in breeding centers have been put under scrutiny and improved. The producer as well as the consumer has benefited, for the work of the Government has tended to raise the standards of live stock and to instill public confidence in products derived therefrom. Similar safeguards thrown about the production, sale and manufacture of poultry and poultry products is only a logical development.

## SPEED SUICIDE.

It was inevitable that the craze for driving automobiles at speeds greater than ever before attained would lead to tragedy. The wonder of it is that 200 miles an hour has been reached as often as it has without disaster. Once, during the speed runs that have served to focus attention upon Daytona Beach during the last few months, a car struck a tiny depression in the track and was catapulted into the sea. Its driver, Frank Lockhart, was extricated, however, and although painfully injured was able to return to the wheel. Now Lockhart has been killed, as the direct result of the public's curiosity as to how fast an automobile can be driven.

Exactly what caused Lockhart's fatal crash probably never will be definitely known. Apparently a tire on his machine blew out. Yet numerous other factors might have caused it to leap high in the air and throw its driver with breakneck force upon the unyielding sand. The machine itself is so badly smashed that all telltale marks probably are obliterated.

Apparently he was traveling at well over 200 miles an hour.

There is nothing worth while to be gained by these speed trials. It is argued that the early development of the motor car was influenced by experiments conducted on race tracks. But those early machines were automobiles in every sense of the word, and they traveled at speeds that admitted of study. The machines that are now being sped along a stretch of sandy beach at 200 miles an hour are freaks. They can be called automobiles only by courtesy. Little, if any, knowledge of automobile design or construction is to be learned from their operation.

## NIGGARDLY PAY INCREASES.

While any relief whatever to the underpaid civil employees of the Government is better than nothing, it does seem that the Welch bill as recast could be made more generous without rupturing the budget or draining the Treasury. The leaders in Congress recognize the fact that pay increases must be made, and yet they are framing a bill that will not make the increases just or adequate. No provision whatever has yet been made for increases in the higher brackets, composed largely of specialists whose services would command twice as much in civil life.

The relief to be granted to the lowest paid employees will run from \$100 to \$150 a year. It has already been shown that this is not enough. If the increases were based upon pay already fairly adequate, no complaint would be warranted, but this is not the case. All proposed increases leave the pay of employees much below the level of pay for equivalent services outside of the Government. The Government's employees, in other words, will still be expected to work more cheaply for the Government than for private employers.

It is by no means certain that the proposed increase of \$16,000,000 in the Federal pay roll will pass at this session. A special rule must be adopted in the House, or a suspension of the rules obtained, in order to bring the bill up. But assuming that the bill will be considered, it is earnestly hoped that modifications will be made, to take care of certain employees who, although well paid as compared with charwomen, are still grossly underpaid as compared with experts in private life.

## ARE PRIMARIES WORTH THE COST?

The people have spoken through the presidential primaries in ten States and between now and June 5 primary balloting will take place in nine others. The trend as to the nominations in the two major parties has been clarified somewhat as a result of the votes thus far cast. The presidential primaries yet to come will throw further light on the situation. Throughout the pre-convention activities, however, there runs an undercurrent of doubt as to whether the primaries are a beneficial institution. Do they, it is asked, register the voice of the people more clearly than the party convention system that they replaced?

Probably not. There have been upsets, it is true, during the course of this year's primary balloting. What was thought to be public sentiment has turned out to be quite the reverse in several States, notably Ohio. The voice of the people spoke contrary to the expectations of groups of politicians. But it has done the same thing in party conventions.

The primaries are expensive. Take the case of Ohio, for instance. The Buckeye State had to call into play its entire election machinery to record the votes of approximately 25 per cent of the electorate. In Hamilton County alone, which includes little more territory than is embraced by the city of Cincinnati, the cost was \$45,000. This figures out, on the basis of votes polled, at \$1.50 a ballot.

Who pays this bill? The question would not be important if the primaries were participated in by a majority of the electorate. The primary system, however, results in the selection of candidates for the great majority by a pitiful minority and at heavy expense. The people pay the bill, and its size becomes apparent when Hamilton County's experience is multiplied by the number of counties in the nineteen States that utilize the presidential primary for selection of delegates to the national conventions. This is not the least criticism that can be leveled against the presidential primary, particularly in view of the fact that the story being written in the 29 States that have not adopted it does not differ from that of the 19 others that utilize this "progressive" piece of election machinery.

## HEALINGS THROUGH TELEVISION.

The moving picture camera speeded up by radio seems destined to play an important role in the treatment of injury and disease. Some time ago a wealthy American tried to obtain the services of a famous London surgeon to treat his small child. The surgeon was not prepared to make the journey. Subsequently, however, an American physician arrived in London with a moving picture film of all the child's movements during a 24-hour period. The British surgeon examined the film and prescribed a course of treatment by means of which the American physician was able to cure the child.

There are a few scientists, surgeons and medical men who, through constant practice and long familiarity with rare and unusual types of diseases and ailments, have gained an unrivaled knowledge of their treatment and cure. The time may arrive in which there will be great medical and surgical clearing houses in which specialists will examine television records of cases and give directions for treatment that will be carried out instantaneously by family physicians scattered throughout the world.

Motion pictures are destined to play an important role in medical science. For some time Jean Benoitlevy has been producing scientific motion pictures in his Parisian studios in collaboration with the Pasteur Institute, the Red Cross and many of the most eminent medical men of France. At the annual convocation of the American College of Surgeons in Montreal there was organized a movement to develop the usefulness of the motion picture in medicine and surgery. As a result, two films sponsored by the college of surgeons have been finished, and Will Hays recently conferred with Jean Benoitlevy and George Eastman upon the possibility of developing an international movement for the use of motion pictures in medicine and surgery.

It has not been decided as yet how this project can best be advanced. It is certain, however, that before long films picturing the practiced fingers of world-famous surgeons engaged upon involved and delicate operations

will be available for exhibition in the medical schools of the world. Students thus will be able to study the best examples of surgical art that can be obtained. Probably the movies will serve to end, or at least make less frequent, the practice of vivisection by which animals are uselessly mutilated and tortured in experiments by novices. Better practitioners will be developed, who will have the benefit of instantaneous counsel with world-famed specialists by means of radio motion pictures.

## FLOWERS FOR THE BRAVE.

By custom and by inherent right, direction of the observance of Memorial Day has been entrusted to the Grand Army of the Republic. Each year the veterans of the Civil War have gone to the public soliciting funds with which to buy flowers and flags for the graves of soldiers. The public has given, but the solicitation has been no easy task. Now that the G. A. R. has become such a thin blue line, it has been increasingly difficult to get together the Memorial Day fund.

For this reason, and because soldier dead from throughout the Nation are buried in Arlington, thus investing the local Memorial Day observance with national significance, the Senate has passed a bill authorizing an appropriation to cover the expense. The measure was passed without opposition. The House should hasten to concur, so that the old veterans will be relieved of all anxiety as to the suitable decoration of their comrades' graves.

## THE VICIOUS CIRCLE.

The theory of the McNary-Haugen bill, with the equalization fee still included, and the facts surrounding the agricultural situation afford a strange contrast. On the same day that the House of Representatives began consideration of the McNary-Haugen bill, after having raised the loan feature to \$400,000,000 from the \$250,000,000 provided by the Senate, Secretary Jardine revealed in a statement that grain prices today are at a higher point than they have been in years. Two dollar wheat, dollar corn, and oats above 65 cents are an actuality on every grain market in the United States today.

It is apparent to all, except the political farmers who are blinded by the light of the coming congressional elections, that agricultural conditions are on the upgrade. Not only general market prices but reports from individual farming States substantiate the fact that the farmer is no longer the bankrupt figure that he is painted by those who seek to buy his vote in the coming campaign at the expense of the taxpayers as a whole. If wheat prices are better than they have been in two years, corn prices well above recent averages, and the market for oats higher than it has been for eight years, as Secretary Jardine reports, it is evident that the farmer and the law of supply and demand have been busy with a situation which Congress has sought now for three years to cure by uneconomic and unconstitutional means.

A fact to which Congress appears to be blind, and which is fully as important as any of the actualities of the agricultural situation, is that the farmer is not the only citizen with a vote in the United States. A subsidy to the farmer, who is finding his own way to prosperity, is by no means the last step. If the McNary-Haugen bill were all that its proponents say it is and if it worked out to the complete satisfaction of every agriculturist, which it would not, Congress would have to answer to those who became the victims of a measure designed to peg prices above the normal point of supply and demand. Enactment of the bill into a law would be but the beginning of a vicious circle, in which producer and consumer would chase themselves a race to the Treasury for "relief."

## MOBILE WAR TESTS.

Tactical operations of far-reaching importance to military science in the United States will be conducted at Fort Leonard Wood during July with "mechanized equipment." Orders already have been issued through Gen. Douglas MacArthur, commandant of the Third Corps Area, for the concentration of 3,000 regular Army men and the entire staff of the Eighteenth Division Organized Reserve to assist and collaborate in the maneuvers. The root of the problem will be to determine the extent to which mechanical means can be utilized to restore maneuverability to modern warfare.

Students of military science throughout the world have as yet reached no solidified opinion upon the use of mechanical aids in battle. The belief of one school is that dependence must be placed in the future upon the movement of troops and material by means of self-propelled vehicles. The other viewpoint is that conditions of terrain and climate often will militate against the successful use of such agencies and that the older means of transportation can not be abandoned. In order to establish which of these two theories is correct armies everywhere are experimenting extensively with mechanized equipment. England held maneuvers this spring in which general use was made of motorized agencies.

The necessity for development of mechanized means is due to the fact that martial conditions during the World War demonstrated that maneuverability had virtually been lost. In that conflict the other essential of military strategy, fire control, was supreme. The thought in the American Army is to try to develop a mobile force through which the element of surprise, long held by the cavalry, can be employed. It is not the present idea to supplant any of the existing agencies. The hope is to develop an arm of the service that can strike at the spearhead and be sufficiently strong to hold for the limited time the advantage gained. In order to do this staff officers have to coordinate tanks armed with machine guns and automatic rifles, and infantry moved in self-propelled vehicles and motorized artillery.

The war game at Fort Leonard Wood will concern itself with this question. The Army, unfortunately, will have to proceed to some extent in theory. It has not the modern agencies in sufficient quantities to make the experiment simulate actual extensive maneuvers. The lesson learned there should, however, give additional weight to the importance of this newer branch of the service, so that Army officers may be trained under real conditions for a mode of warfare that is sure to be important, if not conclusive, in the event of hostilities in the future.

That burglar who spent four hours drilling a safe and got \$2.55 doubtless is one of those boys who feel too smart to work for a living.



Running Amuck Again.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

**Salvation Free.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: George Rothwell Brown has this paragraph in his "Postscripts": "Movement is launched in Chicago to amalgamate the Methodists and Presbyterians, but was this predestined?" Not at all; it is only another victory for free salvation. Evidently the Methodists believe that even Presbyterians can be saved.

**Slippery Delegates.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: According to newspaper reports Secretary Hoover has corralled another bunch of delegates. That is good for the Secretary, provided they stick. Convention delegates are very much like the postage stamps the Government supplied a number of years ago. They wouldn't stick, and it became a habit of those using them to write under them, as did Ben Butler, "Paid if the d—d thing sticks."

**Air Collisions.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Another collision between Army airplanes with its resultant loss of life. With the vast expanse in which planes can maneuver it looks to the ordinary citizen as if recklessness instead of even limited care controls the aviators. There can not possibly be any excuse for planes flying so close together as to make collisions possible. The recent submarine disaster caused the Navy Department to adopt more stringent rules to guide officers of such vessels. With the large number of collisions that have occurred between Army planes it now becomes necessary for the War Department to follow the example set by the Navy.

**Absentee Congressmen.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: One of the most important measures pending before Congress is that of flood prevention. It is under discussion in the House. Attempts were made to amend it so as to meet the views of the President and thus assure the country that the bill would finally become a law. Only a few more than half the number of members were present and voted. Thus the President's announced desires were thrown overboard with half the members taking no part. An election is approaching and it will be well if the voters make a note of the absentees and select men who will attend to the duties they are paid for.

**Wasting the People's Money.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Another \$75,000 of the people's money is to be dumped into the Vase case, and that is not the end. Already about \$500,000 has gone into that worse than useless investigation. Why should the people be taxed to decide a contest between Wilson and Vase? If either of those gentlemen wants the vote of Pennsylvania recounted let him put up the money and not ask the taxpayers of the country to do so. When the committee finally reaches a conclusion it will wind up its report with a resolution giving to each of the contesting parties at least \$10,000. The time is going to come, and that quickly, when the people will rise in revolt against such waste of their money, and then a lot of senators will have to take to the woods.

**China's Needless Sinner.**  
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The saying, "As ye sow, so shall ye reap," applies well to China. The Chinese in the famine stricken area of Shantung are feeling the full effects of the strife that has been going on. It is stated that there are 3,000,000 Chinese whose are starving to death because more attention has been paid to war than to agriculture. No nation can keep at war with itself continually for more than a year and expect to be able to meet the crisis of starvation, which is inevitable under such conditions.

Soon the people of this country will

## Friendship

By ROBERT QUILEN

BILL SMITH died and appeared at the gates of the Land Beyond to make his plea for admission.

An old man with a white beard looked up from his ledgers and nodded a greeting. "Good morning, Bill," he said. "I've just been looking up your record, and I find your general average a little bit short of the passing mark."

"Well, I'll be darned," said Bill. "I thought I'd done pretty well." "You did," said the old man, "in some ways. But you didn't make the grade in friendship. That's what put a crimp in your average." "Friendship!" cried Bill. "Do you mean to sit there and tell me I wasn't a good friend? Why, man, that was my strong point. You've got me mixed up with somebody else."

"Is that so?" said the old man. "Well, just what kind of friend were you?" "I was hard to beat," said Bill. "I was the kind of friend every man wants. If I was a man's friend, I stuck to him through thick and thin. I did all I could for him. He could count on me every time. Why, I've had dozens of fellows tell me I was the best friend a man ever had. If ever a man was loyal to his friends, I was."

The old man shook his head, and his eyes were sorrowful. "Bill," said he in his courteous way, "you're a cock-eyed liar."

He turned the pages of a ledger. "Your record is here," he said, "in black and white. You were disloyal to your best friend—to the only one who stuck to you through all adversity—the only one who would have died for you. You made very little effort to make him happy; you took advantage of his affection and imposed on him; you seldom were courteous to him; you made promises to him and failed to keep them; you turned away from him when he was hungry for your companionship; you spoke harshly to him, ridiculed him, shamed him in public and wounded him in private. As a friend you graded zero."

"My gosh!" said Bill. "It can't be. Who was he?" "It was your wife, Bill. And now please take the first turn to the left and join that bunch of good fellows going down."

America has three classes: The boobs, the young intellectuals, who scorn the boobs, and the common-sense people amused by the young intellectuals.

The new woman has faults, but she won't go through life with a patent medicine almanac in one hand and a dust cloth in the other.

A great author is one who can describe jail life in a story and make you wonder what he was in for.

One reason why the reformer can't make the world repent is because it feels just as complacently righteous as he does.

(Copyright, 1928.)

He asked to contribute sums in order to aid the starving Chinese, and as usual I think the appeal will be answered. We are always ready to help those in distress; but China is entirely responsible for her condition today and it does not seem right that the people of this country should bear the burden of China's foolish mistake. After the Mississippi flood last year, what foreign nation contributed sums to aid the suffering? The United States citizens came to the aid of the flood sufferers, but no foreign nation did. We may be the wealthiest Nation in the world, but if we always go to the aid of foreign nations in distress the time will come when the wealth will have dwindled to a great extent.

**ALL NEWS TO HIM.**  
Jugoslavia has a Rip Van Winkle of her own, says the New York Times. Twenty-two years ago a dashing young quire named Franja Kreiner suddenly disappeared from his native village. It was known that he was hopelessly in love with a Viennese beauty, and it was thought that he had gone abroad to forget the affair. He left his house deserted.

After a while the roof began to sag and the plaster to fall away from the walls and, finally, nothing having been heard of the quire, one of his heirs decided to claim the inheritance. When the police went to the house they found in one of the attics Kreiner himself. The London Sunday Observer's Belgrade correspondent reports that he had spent all those years in that room, living on bread brought by an aged servant. His beard, of course, had grown long and gray, as a hermit's should. Quite in accordance with the best hermit tradition, he had never seen an airplane or heard of the World War, and he was astonished to learn that the Emperor Franz Josef was dead. Evidently the faithful servant who brought him his daily ration omitted to accompany it with a newspaper and was himself nothing of a gossip. The uniforms worn by the police and the clothes of the doctor they sent to examine him amazed the old man. The correspondent says that they have refrained so far from showing him examples of modern female fashions for fear it might give him too much of a shock.

**REVIVING THE DEAD.**  
Following the execution of a criminal in this country recently there was a rumor, according to the Detroit News, that friends would attempt to bring the dead body back to life. Actually this is not so fantastic as it may sound. There are hanging cases on record where the clumsy operation of the old-fashioned gallows was sometimes followed by a dramatic recovery. Such a case was that of John Smart, a common thief, hanged at Tyburn, England.

Being delivered to the surgeons at Surgeon's Hall, as was the custom, Smart's supposedly dead body was laid on the dissecting table. A scalpel plunged into the flesh produced a dramatic result, however, for he sat up and gazed stupidly at the surprised group surrounding him.

It would be pleasant to record that, having paid the law's penalty, he was allowed to go on his way rejoicing, but as a matter of fact he was solemnly tried at the next sessions and again sentenced to Tyburn. This time the noose was more efficient.

## PRESS COMMENT.

**Don't Brag, Cal.**  
Detroit News: The poor we have with us always, especially the poor golfers.

**Most of 'Em.**  
Florida Times-Union: Some of the candidates are perched on the fence to keep out of the "wet."

**And More Exposed Surface.**  
Wooster Herald: The modern girl may put on more powder, but it isn't her fault. She has more rubbed off.

**Little Things Count.**  
Atchison Globe: Looking your motor car seems like a little thing until that once when you forget it, and find your car gone.

**He Is a Gentleman.**  
St. Paul Pioneer Press: A gentleman is one who can get rid of a feminine book agent without giving any signs of his yearning to throttle her.

**Growth of Commerce.**  
Detroit News: A resident of upper New York State says the southbound run runners monopolize all the good concrete roads in his section.

**Big Game.**  
Cincinnati Enquirer: One contrast between Canada and the United States is that there the government is offering prizes for dead wolves and ours for live bootleggers.

**Look to the Birds.**  
Cincinnati Enquirer: The airplane may be able to fly higher than any bird, but the birds have better landing equipment.

**No Bolt.**  
Greensboro News: Wets and dries are now reported agreed that there will be no bolt in the Democratic convention. If they could only be as certain about the nuts!

**Aren't They?**  
Detroit News: The "machine-gun bandit" may revive another horror; The wartime cartoonist who thought machine-guns were cranked.

**Still Talking.**  
Buffalo News: The world wasn't "created." It is still in process of being created. And it seems equally absurd to use the past tense in referring to the fall of man.

**Progress.**  
Ohio State Journal: Another evidence of world betterment which we think we notice, though we admit we're not quite sure, is more shops and fewer shoppes.

**Not in the Books.**  
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: Oxford University has presented Coolidge a set of the new Oxford Dictionary. It is not likely that he will find any words to improve on his "I do not choose" speech.

**There Is No Privacy.**  
St. Louis Post-Dispatch: The archeologists have made us as familiar with the lives of the ancients as if they had had competent biographers in those days.

**The Yard Stick.**  
St. Louis Post-Dispatch: If he watches what she eats, they are engaged; if she watches what he eats, they are married.

**Painting Their Way.**  
Lafayette Journal and Courier: Hilda May Gordon, of the Isle of Wight, has succeeded in "painting her way" around the world, and we've got 'em in this burg who, without any apparent strain, can paint and powder their way down town and back. But just think of the plight Hilda May would have been in if she had lost her "vanity," for instance, on the Isle of Man!



















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## REMOVAL OF 3 JUDGES DEMANDED AT CHICAGO

"Sinister Power" Is Charged by Crime Commission in Its Report.

### RECENT PRIMARY IS CITED

Chicago, April 26 (A.P.).—A sinister power "before which policemen and peaceable citizens tremble and quail" was cited today by the Chicago Crime Commission. And, as a step against the "sinister power," it demanded the removal from the criminal bench of Judges Emanuel Eiler, Stanley H. Kierkowski and Otto Kerner.

The commission's statement asked that the executive committee of the circuit and superior courts remove the three because it alleged numerous violations of felony indictments and substitutions of guilty pleas to minor charges.

Frank J. Loesch, president of the commission, and Charles R. Napier, secretary, signed the statement, which says, in part:

"The recent primary election, because of the remarkable rising of exasperated voters, resulted in the repudiation of the Small-Thompson-Crowe combine. It was won in spite of many lawless acts committed in the interests of the combine."

"The police on duty at the polls allowed crimes to be committed without any effort to protect the victims of such violence and lawlessness."

"That is decisive evidence that at the election the police were not under control of their superior officers, but were acting in subjection to some sinister power which was outside of and believed itself to be above the law."

"Politics have been in full swing in the State's attorney's office and on the criminal court bench."

### Prince's U. S. Bride Accepted by Family

Paris, April 26 (A.P.).—Prince Charles, Duke of Nemours told the Associated Press today that his family had finally been reconciled to his recent marriage to Miss Marguerite Watson, of Washington.

He said that the family will be on hand to wish him bon voyage when he and his American bride continue their airplane honeymoon by a hopoff for Morocco tomorrow or Saturday in the "honeymoon plane" which the duke gave his bride for a wedding present.

"There is no use in telling you again how happy we are," said the duke. "We are going to Morocco to look after the possibilities of sheep ranching there. Both of us are interested in it."

### 3 Are Shot, 2 Women, Over Kicking of Dog

Chicago, April 26 (A.P.).—Two women and a man were shot, one of the women possibly fatally, following an argument resulting when the man kicked a police dog owned by Mrs. Lottie Frain, of St. Louis, Mo.

Joseph Pignowski, a guest with Mrs. Frain at the home of Mrs. Bernina Naclegowski, kicked the dog. Mrs. Frain shot Pignowski, who grappled with the woman. In the struggle the weapon exploded twice, one bullet striking Mrs. Naclegowski, the other hitting Mrs. Frain's jaw. The St. Louis woman was reported dying.

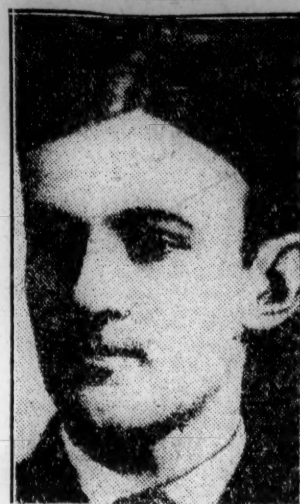
### Man Killed by Stab Wounds, Rival Held

After he is alleged to have stabbed to death C. A. Blakey, colored, 33 years old, of 1003 First street southwest, early yesterday morning, Chestham A. Weaver, colored, cut the shoes from his victim's feet and threw them at the woman for whose affections the two are said to have been rivals. Weaver was arrested charged with murder.

The killing took place in a hallway at the home of Bernice Alexander, 2422 Seventeenth street northwest. Weaver is said to have admitted stabbing Blakey. The killing took place after Blakey, accompanied by the woman, was trailed to her home by the accused man.

**Rockville Marriage Licenses.**  
The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday at Rockville: C. Clyde Spencer, 43 years old, and Helen Elizabeth Durham, 25 years old, both of Bel Air, Md.; Cecil H. Knapp, 22 years old, of Somerville, Va., and Emily K. Croson, 18 years old, of Fairfax, Va.; David Noland, 24 years old, of Gaithersburg, and Della B. Magruder, 22 years old, of Hailpin, Md.; Charles O. Lethbridge, 29 years old, of Sandy Spring, and Doris Isabel Thompson, 23 years old, of Claver, Md.; and Thomas J. Bragg, 21 years old, and Lucy H. Drumheller, 30 years old, both of Warrenton, Va.

## FATE IN DOUBT



GEORGE B. MARSHALL, of New York, assistant superintendent of the La Luz mine in Nicaragua, one of the American prisoners taken by Gen. Sandino and who has been reported slain.

## COUNT, RITE REFUSED, BURIED BY DAUGHTER

De Marcilly, French Royalist, to Rest in Own Garden; Much Comment.

Montlucon, Allier, France, April 26 (A.P.).—Count de Marcilly, 83-year-old nobleman and a Catholic all his life, was buried today in the garden of his home. The rite of burial in consecrated soil was refused by the parish priest of the village of Vizenulle because of his affiliation with L'Action Francaise, the organ of the French royalist organization, placed on the index by the Holy See.

Count de Marcilly had denied that Rome had the authority of excommunicating the partisans of L'Action Francaise.

The service was conducted by his daughter, assisted by a woman doctor and a secularized nun.

Much interest has been caused throughout France, the interpretation being that the Holy See is determined to give L'Action Francaise no quarter. The paper was placed on the index because of articles regarded in Rome as offensive to the Pope.

## HOUSE TO SPEED WELCH PAY BILL

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

11, 12, 13 and 14 of the clerical, administrative and fiscal service. Chairman Lehigh was not in the city yesterday, but Representative Gibson (Republican), Vermont, a member of the committee, declared that, in his opinion, the committee did not intend to vote for any reductions in pay.

Elimination Is Expected.

While the committee has approved the bill, it has not reported it out. It is quite possible that the committee will wipe out the reductions before it formally presents the bill to the House. Representative Buchanan (Republican), West Virginia, is prepared to wage a fight not only to remove the reductions, but to get the \$9,000 maximum salary for bureau heads and professional and scientific employees.

Chairman Lehigh, it was learned yesterday, had planned to call the bill up in the House on Monday. The Speaker can recognize a member under a suspension of the rules, however, only on the first and third Mondays.

Blocked by Farm Bill.

Next Monday will be the fifth, so that, in order to call up the Welch bill, it would be necessary to do one of two things—get a special rule from the rules committee or obtain the unanimous consent of the House.

In addition to this complication, it is expected that the House still will be considering the McNary-Haugen farm-relief bill next Monday.

Therefore, the chances are that the bill probably will not be considered until the following Monday. At this time there is apparently nothing that would stand in the way of its consideration then.

**Girl and Two Brothers Die in Fire.**  
Evergreen, Colo., April 26 (A.P.).—Mrs. Elsie Winton, 18, and two brothers, Harvey, 11, and Wilburn, 9, were burned to death in a fire of undetermined origin that destroyed their farm home near here early today.

## MANY AMERICANS FACE ATTACK BY SANDINISTAS

Marines on Guard at Puerta Cabezal Have Situation Well in Hand.

### TOWN OF SIUMA SEIZED

Puerto Cabezas, Nicaragua, April 26 (A.P.).—Gen. Sandino's rebel forces have been planning an attack on Puerto Cabezas, where there are several hundred American residents. The raiders, who, on April 12, under Gen. Gliron, attacked La Luz y Los Angeles Mine, are reported to have intended to join forces with others for an advance against the town. Sandino himself was not with the raiders, but they were under his orders.

American Marines commanded by Maj. Utley are on guard at Puerto Cabezas and the situation is well in hand. The United States light cruiser Denver is here.

The attack against La Luz Mine was carried out by 150 men armed with rifles and two machine guns. The mine is situated about 80 miles from Puerto Cabezas and was looted, the raiders taking gold and supplies valued at \$10,000.

The leaders declared their orders were to take the head of Harry P. Amphlett, manager of the mine. Amphlett fortunately was absent.

George B. Marshall, the American assistant manager of the mine, was taken prisoner. His fate is unknown.

The rebels also raided the Neptune, Loan Star and Bonanza mines, all American owned. They did not molest a Canadian employed at La Luz Mine. The town of Siuma was also attacked and much liquor consumed. Some of the native women suffered at the hands of the raiders.

### President Invited To Church Meeting

An invitation was extended yesterday to President Coolidge to address the Episcopal convention which will be held here next October.

Bishop James E. Freeman, of the Washington Cathedral; the Rev. Henry R. Freeman, of Troy, N. Y., and Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, called at the White House to extend the invitation. The President took the invitation under advisement.

## WOMEN VOTERS REJECT 2 TROUBLESOME ISSUES

Prohibition and Birth Control Discussions Refused at Chicago Meeting.

### WILL STUDY FARM AID

Chicago, April 26 (A.P.).—The League of Women Voters today disposed of its two most troublesome issues, birth control and prohibition, by refusing to accept either as a subject for study.

The proponents of birth control legislation, because of the bitterness that might be injected through a discussion of the subject, agreed not to continue their fight on the floor of the convention. They had lost in committee. As a result birth control was mentioned only once during the day's activities and then incidentally.

Prohibition, however, brought about a spirited discussion. A special committee which recommended that the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act not be included in the study program, was sustained by the delegates.

The league added farm relief to its study, and reiterated its support of governmental development of Muscle Shoals and the eight-hour day for working women.

Both of the latter have won league support at other conventions.

Farm relief was altered in its title to read "agricultural depression." Delegates from the Midwest gave that issue the greatest support.

After a committee recommended league support of sterilization of the handicapped, the delegates voted to continue the study of it, hesitating to give the project a full endorsement. Sterilization has been on the league study program for years.

The nominating committee presented a slate of officers that included Miss Belle Sherwin, Cleveland, present president, and virtually all other officers for reelection. The balloting will take place tomorrow.

**Children Burn 34 Buildings.**  
Pressburg, Czechoslovakia, April 26 (A.P.).—Little children playing with matches set fire to the town of Gress Geovitz, causing the destruction of 34 buildings.

**W.L. DOUGLAS**  
\$5 \$6 \$7 & \$8 Shoes for Men  
THE PRICE ON THE SOLE INSURES HONEST VALUE

ONE OF 100 STYLES FOR SPRING

## It Will Pay You . . .

to buy your shoes direct from the manufacturer. The maker's reputation is your guarantee of quality. Beneath the polish of the shoes you buy is the wearing quality which the maker has built into the shoes.

You get more for your money in a W. L. Douglas shoe—more style, more quality, more comfort, more wear. That's why millions already wear them—why more and more men everywhere buy them each year.

REMEMBER: We bought our leather before prices advanced and are passing on to all our customers, old and new, a saving which amounts to almost \$1.00 on every pair of shoes.

Our Boys' Shoes at \$3, \$3.50 and \$4. are wonderful values

**W. L. Douglas Shoe Company**

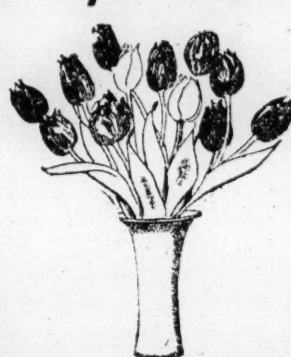
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**Roses & Carnations**  
\$1.50 Doz.

Two Dozen, \$2

HENRY A. DREER, PHILADELPHIA, 2-YEAR-OLD ROSEBUSHES. VARIETIES: Francis Scott Key, Souvenir de Claudius Pernet, America, Red Radiance, Templar, Pink Radiance, Aaron Ward, Mrs. Chas. Russell, Double White Killarney, American Legion, Columbia.

**\$1.25 EACH**

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—and a stock of very new ideas in handkerchiefs for tailored, sports, afternoon and evening wear—to match any color scheme.

White and colored handkerchiefs of voile and linen. Trimmed with net footings, lace, embroidery and applique. 25c

Large handkerchiefs of chiffon with solid color centers and corners of hand-painted modernistic design. All colors. \$2.50

Women's initial handkerchiefs of linen with hand-rolled hems. All white or with colored initials and polka dot borders. 50c

Women's handkerchiefs of pure white linen in many styles. 25c to \$1.50



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Men's imported white linen handkerchiefs with hemstitched hems. Very good quality. 45c

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CLEAN YOUR DIAMONDS AND JEWELS WITH "JEM KLENO." \$1 BOTTLE

## ENGAGEMENT RINGS

THAT SMALL betrothal band is much too important to be chosen in-advicely. Of course, its diamond must be perfect—pure as its symbolism—and the gold or platinum mounting capably designed. You can select the engagement ring here with the absolute assurance that it will be not only correct in every detail but an authentic value at its price. In many Washington families grandmother, mother and daughter wear solitaires bought at this time-honored house! A complete range from which to select.

\$50 to \$6,000

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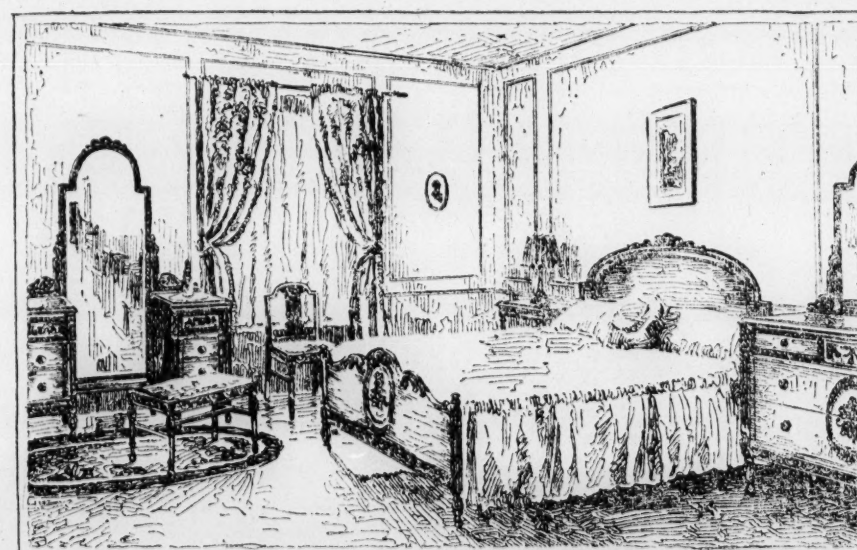
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from the

## 100th Grand Rapids Furniture Market



If ever there was a good time to select a good-looking and good Bedroom Suite, that time is now. Our present displays include a suite for all types of homes, all types of personalities and all types of incomes. No home has been overlooked.



## Scores and Scores of Artistic, New Bedroom Suites Are Temptingly Priced

A Suggestive Few Are Quoted

Good-looking Bedroom Suite of six pieces in walnut principally with deep, roomy drawers and attractive dressing table, a slight hand-painted floral decoration adds a note of charm. \$195

Nicely designed Bedroom Suite, with wardrobe and handily arranged vanity table; six pieces with large dresser and upholstered seat chair and bench; bed is full size. \$275

Artistic, new Bedroom Suite, with one of the newer types of vanities with six drawers and stationary mirror; choice walnut veneers beautifully matched enhance its beauty; 6 pieces. \$285

The Full Bedroom Suite; six pieces by Berkey & Gay done chiefly in mahogany, 48-inch bureau and roomy chest of drawers, conveniently arranged. \$295

One of the most remarkable values shown here now is a four-piece Bedroom Suite of Colonial design with 34-inch dresser, full size bed, full vanity and wardrobe, specially priced at \$275

Six-piece Bedroom Suite in rare good taste with one of the most effective vanities you ever laid eyes on; 6 pieces done principally in walnut, with full-size bed. \$285

Twin Bed Suite of Colonial charm with mahogany interiors and in a warm brown mahogany finish; this is a suite usually associated with a price twice as much as the 6 pieces are marked. \$335

Attractive Bedroom Suite, especially appropriate for a girl's room. Omar Ivory enamel decorated and with hanging glass over dresser; 6 pieces, with beds of the semi-poster type. \$150

Many Colonial Pieces Separately Priced

**MAYER & CO.**

Seventh Street

Between D and E



## YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN, SC. D.  
The Parent Counselor.

Dr. Dean will answer all signed letters pertaining to parents' problems with their boys and girls. Writers' names are never printed. Only questions of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Address Arthur Dean, in care of this paper.

### A WORD TO FATHERS.

A MOTHER asks me to "write a good, stiff article about fathers who do not want to be bothered with the children; fathers who have no patience in helping their sons."

I like to read and quote a fellow named Frank Chisley, who has written a most excellent little book called "Dad, Whose Boy is Yours?" The pocket-sized edition can be slipped into one of the trouser pockets. It is particularly handy for traveling men who have many a ten-minute wait for customers or a train, and it will help such fathers when they are home for a week-end.

This man Chisley asks dad to find out what is in the sons' pockets. Now, we mustn't get the idea that father is to snoop around in the pockets of his sons or start his wife in the pants exploring business, but as Chisley puts it, "what is in your young son's pockets is an accurate index of his interests, his habits, and his problems. Just as truly as the inner life finally expresses itself in facial lines and physical appearances, just so do the contents of a boy's pockets reflect a boy."

"Let your boy ride a hobby," is another idea of Chisley's. Hobbies ride and fall as the boy grows—postage stamp fever, collecting coupons, shells, stones, and what not. How much encouragement does Willie get from dad to ride these hobbies? Does father just consider them as passing fads without real value, the tremendous social and educational possibilities that are in a boy's hobbies and interests?

Chisley's book tells of a mother who burned the dirty coupons, saying, "My boy's pockets shall not be stuffed with such rubbish—there isn't any sense in it." You can appreciate what the boy thought of mother's justice. Coupons in themselves are nothing, but coupons represent a sending set or a receiving set or some scientific playing thing.

Then Chisley speaks about the goodness in the gang. Some fathers do not see anything good in a gang, but as Chisley puts it, "A boy without a gang is like a dog without a bone."

Do not prohibit gang life, but do all you can to foster the right gang. Why not entertain the gang in your own home, with plenty of "eats"? Let your son help you make plans for its entertainment. Use the gang as a social influence operating upon your boy. I should be interested to

know if the gang votes you in as an honorary member, or will father be considered a "kill-joy" and a general nuisance?

Chisley asks a startling question: "Who daddies your boy?" It seems some fathers buy a membership to the Y. M. C. A., Y. M. H. A., Boy Scouts and church clubs and think the job is over. It is undoubtedly true that any of these organizations and others equally good, can offer many desirable things which a father can not offer as an individual. They can offer a gymnasium, physical instructor, lectures, libraries, athletics, group instruction in big Christian problems. But if a father expects to purchase with the membership ticket simply a place for his boy to spend a certain number of hours a week without having any obligations of his own to meet, he will wake up some day to find that he has purchased a membership and that's about all.

Who daddies your boy? Be honest!

### OUR CONVERSATION CORNER.

Devil's Enemy.

My 13-year-old boy goes to high school, plays in an orchestra two nights a week, studies at home and practices his music, and belongs to a club which meets one night a week. Is this program too strenuous? MOTHER.

Answer: It would be too much if it affected his studies or his health. But we must remember a busy boy is a moral boy, and that means a matter of that I break my rule. Get vocational training and a good job before you change horses.

Obligations. I am a substitute on my basketball team. I try to be a faithful member of our Christian Endeavor Society in our locality. Sometimes I stay in another town with another girl friend, or in the country. If and when there is a social activity, a my C. E. and a game at our high school, where should I go? Would it be disloyalty to either if I missed one or the other?

Answer: You are one cog in the wheel of the world, and it is your duty to meet your athletic obligation, or religious. Other times attend C. E. When you go out of town you have a fine opportunity to practice C. E. principles and that counts toward your Christian obligations.

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## On Sleeveless Tennis Costumes



© VOGUE 9326

THERE is always a great deal to be said about what is right and what is wrong. In dressing, it is very difficult to make hard and fast rules, but there are some wrongs that even the least initiated into the ways of fashion know are wrong.

Vogue has sketched here two girls wearing the very fashionable sleeveless tennis costume. A first glance at the two figures sketched above might make the reader wonder what was wrong with the girl on the left. A closer study, however, will reveal the fact that this girl has very fat arms and that she has chosen a circular striped sweater which accentuates her stoutness. Naturally

there is no rule against the stout girl wearing a sleeveless tennis costume or large circular stripes, but if she has selected a costume that has sleeves, or, better, a one-piece dress, she would have looked smart and fifteen pound lighter without having to diet, either.

The frock sketched on the right is the model she should select, but with sleeves. The girl shown wearing this frock is slim, indeed, and can afford to wear no sleeves, as her arms are lovely. All women who are inclined to have fat arms should particularly avoid exposing them any more than is necessary in the daytime.

(Copyright, 1928.)

## Mr. Work's Pointers Contract Bridge

Last week we finished our discussion of the subject of taking out a partner's suit-bid; today our topic will be take-outs of partner's No Trump bids. We will start with a discussion of:

### MAJOR TAKE-OUTS OF INITIAL NO TRUMP BIDS.

Once again let it be emphasized that in Contract there is no such thing as a weakness take-out; therefore a suit-bid over partner's No Trump shows strength in the suit; and also, unless the suit is headed by Ace-King-Queen, a suit of at least five cards.

The same theory that induces a take-out with a Major suit in Auction Bridge applies in Contract Bridge; that is, the extending of and option to the No Trump to try for game either at the No Trump or at the Major suit. The Major suit take-out may be made with strength only in the suit that is named, or with strength in that suit and one or two others. With the very unusual hand in which the partner of a No Trump has strength in all four suits, the Major take-out is not apt to be advisable. With such great strength, a

jump to three No Trumps is apt to be the better choice.

The Major take-out of the partner's No Trump may be by a bid of two or three. Only with the most extreme length should four of a Major be bid, because bidding four would insist upon the Major no more than what type of hand the No Trump holder. Bidding three shows great strength and virtually insists: The No Trump to bid either three No Trumps or four of the Major, depending upon the characteristics of his hand. It is the one case in which a player who has bid initially with minimum strength should subsequently jump his own or his partner's bid. He is not doing this by reason of his own hand but because the nature and size of his partner's bid has demanded it. The Major two-bid of course is a much weaker bid than a three or four; it does not ask the No Trump to go on your love and trump or with a Major unless the announcement of length and strength in the Major justifies it.

This subject will be continued tomorrow.

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## WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

### Mentality and Love.

IN what degree does mentality conflict with the well-known but little understood condition which we call "love"? The question is pertinent to this day of mental development. And it is asked quite frequently in the letters that pour into this column. So just for a moment let us look into the matter. One girl who asked about it is married, pretty, popular and "wild" about her husband. He, however, tells her that her love is an evidence of lack of mentality and when she evidences affection for him he begs her to show a little self-reliance.

Does this man represent a higher or lower degree of mental development than the girl who loves him? I sent for the girl. She arrived, pretty, indeed, furnished, silken-clad, well-groomed. She told all the harrowing details that accompany the story of two people living apart. I asked her why she lived with her husband, and she said because she loved him. I asked her why she continued to offer him caresses that only enraged him. And she said because she loved him. I asked her if she felt that the quality of her marriage was a detriment upon its object and she said that she was her husband and she felt sure she had a "right" to love him and he ought to "love" her.

Now are these people talking about

love? Is it "love" that makes this young woman persecute that man with unrelenting caresses? It is of course, lack of mentality that makes her do it—but is it love?

And the man? Does he know anything about love? And he "love" a poor child at any time? Is he capable of "love"? He assures her that "if you have mentality you don't have to show your love and he doesn't expect any one to show love for you."

Poor, struggling humanity! How many of these mated souls know how or why their present misery came about?

And yet, we scoff at the idea of special classes in our high schools to instruct the young in the matter of how and why they should marry.

This girl I quote is 23. She has been married five years. Any one who knows life, knows that her marriage is over. She may go on "loving" her husband. But he will leave her—and soon. And neither will be able to choose more wisely next time, for neither knows what it is all about.

Do you believe in free public instruction of the young in the science of intelligent mating?

If you do not believe in it will you tell telling why you are against it?

## HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertaining to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease.

### APPREHENSION AS A DISEASE.

HERE is a new disease that is being written about by Dr. G. H. Preston, of Richmond, Va. He calls it "contagious apprehension." It seems that like leprosy, smallpox, yellow fever, typhoid, and other "old" diseases are fading away, we must get in a new lot. I wonder if this is a new disease or merely a new name for something that has always been here? Apprehension we have always known of, though we have not always thought of it as a disease. It is merely a form of mind, which, when it becomes a disease, is new. Maybe the idea of regarding fear as a disease is new. Some of us have pretty definite information about how acute, violent fear will cause palpitation, gooseflesh, rapid pulse, deep breathing, and maybe nausea, sweating, irritable bladder, and fainting, but without our knowing of the possibility of harm from mild, chronic fear. However, most physicians have long known the harm which may result from the mild chronic fear, which sometimes goes by the name anxiety and sometimes by that of apprehension.

It is also a matter of common information among physicians that apprehension is contagious. The knowledge is not limited to physicians. All generals and commanding officers with war experience know about it. So do the boys of the future.

Dr. Preston says that when babies lose their appetites, refuse new foods, sleep poorly, are irritable and fretful, contagious apprehension should be suspected. This is "particularly true if the child is an only child, the 'family' of the future. The disease is not so prevalent among the children in large families nor among hard working people."

The same cause is responsible in older children for fitful appetite, nervousness, shyness, bad temper and failure to achieve. An investigation of the causes of such peculiarities or happenings for the possibility of contagious apprehension should be inquired into.

How does the child contract the disorder? Generally from the mother; sometimes from the nurse; occasionally from the teacher. A young baby soon acquires an ability to "mirror" his mother's moods. This is said to be principally through the medium of touch. Let a mother show fright while she holds her baby and the latter will begin to cry. If a mother worries about her child's diet, or his sleep, the child soon catches the fear.

SENNA TEA AS LAXATIVE. Mrs. E. M. S. writes: I drink senna leaves tea every night for constipation. I have done this for about two years. Is this injurious?

Not very. You had better use vegetables, fruits, bran and some sour milk, but if you must use laxatives, senna tea is about as harmless as any.

### POSSIBLE HARM IN BRASSIERES.

D. T. writes: I have just come from the sickroom of a lady friend who has cancer of the breast. They say, caused by wearing a brassiere. Do brassieres cause cancer?

I know three young mothers, with the first babies. Two of them will always wear brassieres; have small breasts; have had to bottle feed their babies. The other has never worn a brassiere, has full breasts, and nurses her baby. Does the wearing of a brassiere prevent the development of the breasts and the milk glands and reduce the milk supply so as to endanger a baby?

REPLY. 1. Chronic irritation is frequently an exciting cause of cancer of the breast, so it is not so much that it causes chronic irritation.

2. I can see how such an effect could follow.

Regular advertisers who use too much of the word "sell" will be omitted from the morning Just phone Main 4205

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By Jay V. Jay

## JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

### THE CANDY-MAN

All-day suckers and lollypops. Maple fudges and chocolate drops! Wares that satisfy; goods that please! Who sells lovelier things than these? Who, among all of our working klan, Has a happier trade than the candy-man?

Peppermint sticks and nougat bars! Lemon and strawberry drops in jars! Who sells the earth is a job which deals

The glorious business of selling sweets? Here is a salesman who satisfies And gladdens the heart of the one who buys.

All day long the children race With shouts of glee to his tempting place. Never a customer cross appears, Laughter is all that he ever hears.

Friendship is all that he ever meets For he's in the business of selling sweets.

If I were starting my life again, I wouldn't be slave to a faulty pen. I wouldn't barter life's joy for fame, But over a shop I would nail my name: To be the candyman, proud to tell That I had nothing but sweets to sell.

(Copyright, 1928.)

## Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON

### HOW TO SERVE DINNER WELL DRESSED

THE well-known funny picture of "How Bridget Served the Salad Undressed" came to my mind when I got the question I am answering today. I am not giving the letter but the inquiries were something like this: "How can I serve a nice dinner for two friends, my husband and myself, without having to cook it?" "How can I arrange it for the minimum of service?"

"How can I dress as both hostess and waitress?" There are, of course, excellent canned soups, and by having whichever one you choose ready in the pot, and the cups all ready to fill, you have almost no trouble in serving. You can have butter ready in the ice-box cut in squares. You can have rolls in the oven. You can turn on the gas a few minutes before your guests come and let your husband answer the bell.

Your second course might be chicken à la king, which you could prepare be-

forehand and heat over a chafing dish. Another chafing dish might have macaroni.

You could then have a simple salad of lettuce and celery and serve cream cheese with it. Small tart, you could buy ready-made and pop into the oven as you brought the used plates from the chicken course into the kitchen. They could heat while you were eating salad. Coffee you could make at the table. By keeping a large supply of paper towels on hand and polishing off each plate before you put it down you can safely leave them to wash till after your guests are gone.

And if you are a pretty coo to go over it makes a good costume. You can be all ready dressed except for this outside garment (a sort of Russian coat, brocade for winter and of flowered silk or chiffon for summer), and you can wear a dressing sash over your slip till the last minute.

I have managed in this way several times when I have been without a servant.

(Copyright, 1928.)

## BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

DEAR MISS PARIS: I am developing a double chin which seems to add years to my age. I am just past 30. I am married and a mother. I have neither time nor money for expensive beauty treatments, but am willing to take pains with anything you advise.

MRS. P. L. Answer—If your drooping chin is a recent development, it is probable that some exercises will bring back most, if not all, of the firmness you are anxious to restore. Try the following, at least once a day, twice if you can find the time:

1. Stand erect, chest out, head up. Thrust the lower jaw out and stretch the head backward. Repeat several times. Rest a moment. With the lower jaw again thrust forward, turn the head slowly to the right, then to the left, making chewing motions each time. Repeat 8 or 10 times. Still standing erect, chin in, turn the head to the right as far as possible, back to the original position, then left and back, repeating 10 times.

2. At the end of the exercises just described, thrust the lower jaw out and the head back. With the head in this position pat on an asinquent lotion. A good one can be made of three ounces of camphor water and one ounce of rose water. If the lotion tends to dry the skin, use a little cold cream night and morning.

Dear Miss Paris: I have been told that starch baths are good for reducing. Is this so? Can you give me a good recipe?

Answer: Assuredly it is not so. It is difficult to understand how any one

could imagine that starch has an action that will remove excess fat. The only merit that starch has when used in the bath is that it makes the water softer and the bath, consequently, pleasanter. Proper diet and sufficient and proper exercises are the only safe and sure roads for the overweight.

(Copyright, 1928.)

### How Many Can You Answer?

(Answers Will Be Found on the Last Page.)

1. Give the next line to these:  
"Theirs not to make reply,  
Theirs not to reason why."
2. To what country do the Azores belong?
3. In what century did the English diarist Samuel Pepys live?
4. Was Francois Rabelais a French satirist and humorist or a French revolutionist?
5. Where is Slide Mountain?
6. What religious era dates its starting point from the Hegira?
7. Who was the father of the present King of England?
8. Where is the Grand Canyon?
9. What is the symbol of the twenty-fifth wedding anniversary?
10. In which room of the White House are state receptions usually held?

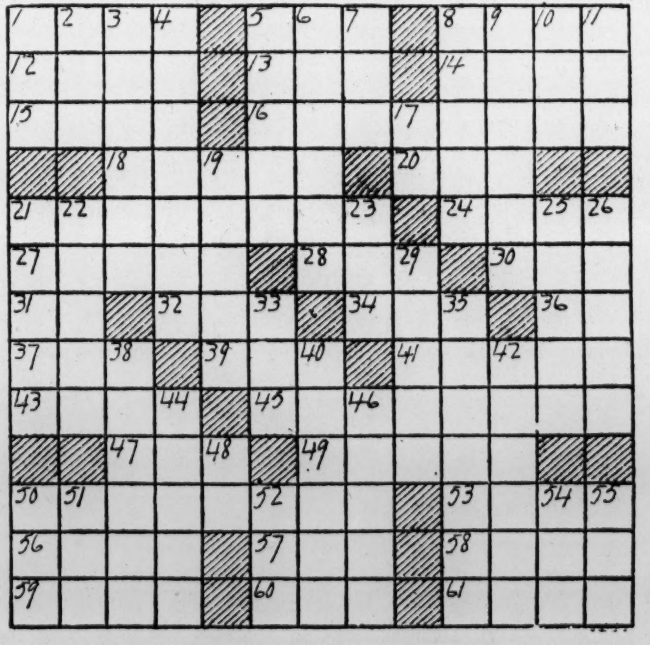
## Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

HORIZONTAL													VERTICAL												
1	Yielding	47	A hindrance	1	That female	11	Visual organ																		
5	Wooden pin	49	Old experienced	2	Rowboat propeller	17	Ourselves																		
8	Satiated	50	Part of the	3	The end (music or drama)	19	Home of birds (pl.)																		
12	Outgrowth of epidermis	51	North Sea between Sweden and Denmark	4	Had a general inclination	21	Assumes the leading role																		
13	Metal-bearing rock	52	Precious stone	5	Difficult question to answer	22	Window resting on an outside bracket																		
14	System of weights or loved	53	Countenance	6	Obiterated	23	A rodent																		
15	Eagle	57	The highest	7	Acquire	25	Coalescence																		
16	Soak	58	Unaspirated	8	Sharpened	26	Force air violently through nostrils																		
18	Belonging to the wife of James I of England	59	Writing tablets	9	Country between Persia and the Red Sea	29	Ethical																		
20	Cry convulsively	60	Japanese money units	10	Small child	33	Seventh month of the old Roman calendar																		
21	User of a solid-ering iron	61	Prepare for publication			35	User of a solid-ering iron																		
24	Any one of several popes					38	Separated																		
27	Large plants					40	Country taken from Germany in the World War																		
28	Obstruction					42	Breathed convulsively																		
30	Mass, cape					44	Makes a stroke on the putting green																		
31	Sloth					46	Has taken nourishment																		
32	Belgium tremulous (a "doubtful" abbreviation of the plural)					48	Has existence																		
34	Crest					50	Cover																		
36	Ten					51	Sleeveless coat worn in Arabia																		
37	Corded dress material					52	Merry																		
39	The ocean					54	Kind of cuckoo																		
41	Unfeeling					55	Allow																		
43	Stroke with flat hand																								
45	Agreeable																								

SOLUTION OF PRECEDING PUZZLE

ALL	SCAR	PRAY
LEI	FOVER	ARA
ESQ	ONE	OOLES
UPPER	BC	
FLA	TYIR	STC
RIE	INUG	NA
ANYONE	GIRDER	
ME	SONS	MURSE
ESS	NEEK	NEED
EH	SAINTS	
COREA	LEO	JAW
AME	STERN	ELA
RED	NORSE	DAY

(Copyright, 1928.)



It's a Secret

## MODISH MITZI



Marie's ensemble is a knitted tweed of misty green—at least the coat is knitted, although the dress is crepe. Marie's hat is straw and you can see what a nice background it is for her pearls. Marie is confiding in Dad, because Dad that sort—she is confiding in him that Mitzi and the Goofer are awfully in love with each other.



She told Aunt Sophia, too; and saying that Aunt Sophia is surprised puts it mildly. Aunt Sophia looks adequate to the occasion—in an ensemble of white and rust tweed with a dress banded in the wool—but all she can find to say is: "Well, there's no reason why they can't be married." Marie sometimes thinks Aunt Sophia is cruel!

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## By Jay V. Jay



"But something is keeping them apart," Marie is telling Polly, "perhaps something in their pasts." Polly doesn't even try to answer. Somehow, she can't think of anything appropriate to say. Polly's suit has a wool frock with a long cape to match and the bands of trimming are silk. The buckled collar is new and especially modish.

Tomorrow—Clothes for 16-Year-Olds.

An Ombre Skirt  
A Rabbit's Ear Sweater  
—and off for a game of golf!

What a debonair sports costume it is—the skirt, in new ombre stripes, pleated all around—the sweater of finest rabbit's ear. Lovely colors—and we planned them so they'd match!

The skirt, \$10.50. The sweater, \$10.50.

Sports Shop—Fourth Floor

**Jelleff's**  
A FASHION INSTITUTION  
Paris Washington New York

Artcraft presents for evening wear the most exclusive versions of moire combined with satin. Pictured above is the sandal version, while below the strapless pump scintillates with brilliance of rhinestones and cut steel. Both are outstanding in Artcrafts creations for evening.

Evening Hosiery to Match the Gown and Footwear

**ARTCRAFT**  
1300 F STREET

Uncle Ray's Corner

Ways of Savage Tribes  
X. THE ANDAMANS.

ON islands in the Bay of Bengal, about 150 miles from the mainland of Burma, live savage people known as Andamans. They are small of stature, seldom reaching a height of even five feet. Their skins are dark brown and their hair is "woolly."

The last act in the youth's "initiation," comes when he dances about for an hour, while his relatives clap their hands. Then the boy has become a man.

The Andamans have group dances in which the whole tribe takes part. The women and children seldom do more than keep time by clapping. But the men step about in earnest. Further noise is supplied by a man who kicks a sounding board. The dancers hop about, jerking and bending and swaying, holding their weight on one leg at a time.

Uncle Ray

Tomorrow—A Little Saturday Talk.

Hat Makers Worried  
By Hatless Fashion

Paris, April 26 (A.P.)—"What can be done to halt the fashion of going hatless?" asked delegate to the Hatmakers' Association meeting. "Pray for rain," said one, "to give hatless men colds in the head."

MITZI SAYS THERE IS DISTINCTION IN

**I. MILLER**  
Beautiful Shoes

The I. Miller "Corsair" of black lizard piped in gun metal kid and with gun metal silk tie, \$24.50

EXCLUSIVELY AT  
**THE HECHT CO**  
Fifth Floor











**The Young Men's Sh...**  
1319-1321 F St. N.W.















# W. R. & E. NET NO. 10

## SHOWS GAIN OF \$45,974

Report Made for First Quarter of Year; Increases by the Potomac Power Co.

### EXCHANGE PRICES FIRM

By F. W. PATTERSON.

Net income of Washington Railway & Electric Co. for the first quarter of this year was \$442,250.27, against \$306,476.21 in the corresponding quarter last year, an increase of \$135,774.06.

Operating revenues amounted to \$1,475,108, against \$1,477,435 in 1927. Operating expenses and taxes were \$1,192,954, compared with \$1,207,930 last year.

Net income for March amounted to \$47,984 compared with \$46,598 in March last year, according to report of operations for the month filed yesterday with the Public Utilities Commission, the slight decline being attributed to a falling off in revenue passengers.

Operating expenses for the month totaled \$502,770, against \$514,073 last year. Operating expenses and taxes reached \$408,594, compared with \$418,716 in March last year.

The Potomac Electric Power Co. filing its March report showed net income of \$306,314, an increase of \$47,846 over the corresponding month in 1927.

Gross earnings from operations amounted to \$791,102 against \$713,068 in March a year ago, an improvement of \$78,034. Operating expenses were \$330,130, against \$296,933 a year ago. Gross earnings less expenses were \$460,972, while this item in March, 1927, was \$420,130.

The three-month statement reveals gross earnings of \$2,417,734, an increase of \$180,553 over the first quarter of 1927, while operating expenses for the current quarter totaled \$1,995,039, compared with \$1,905,000 a year ago.

Net income for the three-month period totaled \$555,877, a gain of \$118,477 over the corresponding period in 1927.

### Peoples Drug Stores Leads.

Peoples Drug Stores preferred assumed the leadership in yesterday's session of the Washington Stock Exchange and with 263 shares changing hands in six lots the level of 101, established on Wednesday with the first trading in the 6 1/2 per cent issue, was maintained throughout the trading. Closing bid was 100 1/2, while the issue had stepped into new high ground each day this week maintained its record and starting with an overnight gain of 3/4 at 93 1/2 advanced to 94 1/2 on sales of four lots. Capitol Traction sold in an odd lot at 100 1/2, the highest of the interesting transactions in the session was the ten-share sale of Washington Railway & Electric common at 450, a drop of 35 points below the last selling price several weeks ago, but in line with the recent bid price. Closing bid yesterday was 420, Potomac Electric Power 5 1/2 per cent preferred moved up a fraction and three lots changed hands at 106 1/2.

National Union Fire rarely offered, sold in a 50-share lot unchanged at 24, while a 5-share lot of Firemen's Insurance Co. advanced 1/2 point to 29, Columbia Sand & Gravel preferred was down at par.

Bond transactions recorded were in Harbor & Ross Inc. 6 1/2 per cent 1927 \$1,000 and 9 1/2 per cent 1928 \$1,000, both at 103 1/2; Washington Light & Gas, series A, at 103 1/2; and the B's sold at 106 for the first.

### Coal Bonds Offered.

Issue of \$12,500,000 Peabody Coal First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5 per cent gold bonds, series A, due May 1, 1937, was offered today by Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., at 97 1/2 and interest, yielding about 5 1/4 per cent.

The Peabody Coal Co. will shortly be formed by consolidation of the present company of the same name with several other coal companies controlled by subsidiaries of the Commonwealth Edison Co., Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois and Middle West Utilities Co.

The combined earnings of the various companies, the property of each of which will be owned by the company, averaged before depreciation, depletion, Federal taxes and interest charges for the three years 1925 to 1927, \$2,467,118.85. Annual interest on the bonds of the series A 5 per cent gold bonds will be \$625,000.

### Loans to Brokers Decline.

Loans to brokers and dealers held by the New York Federal Reserve Member Banks at the close of business April 25, totaled \$4,144,386,000, a decline of \$15,385,000 from the \$4,159,771,000 at the close of the preceding week, according to announcement yesterday by the Federal Reserve Board.

### Government Holdings Less.

A decrease of \$35,900,000 in holdings of Government securities by the consolidated statement of the Federal Reserve Banks on April 25 and made public yesterday by the Federal Reserve Board, a decrease of \$40,000,000 in Federal Reserve note circulation was

CONTINUED ON PAGE 21, COLUMN 5.

### CALL NOTICE

To the holders of the Walker Hotel Corporation (now Mayflower Hotel Company), convertible, secured 8 1/2 per cent (second mortgage) Bonds, dated December 31, 1922, due December 1, 1934.

Notice is hereby given as provided in a Deed of Trust, dated December 31, 1922, made by the Walker Hotel Corporation to The Munsey Trust Company of the District of Columbia, Trustee, that the undersigned has elected to, and will pay off and redeem on the next quarterly interest date, to-wit, June 1st, 1928, all of the convertible Bonds, issued under the said Deed of Trust and now outstanding, at One hundred five per cent (105%) of their face amount and accrued interest to that date.

On or after the redemption date, to-wit, June 1st, 1928, all holders of said bonds should, and are required to present them with September 1st, 1928, and all subsequent coupons attached for redemption and payment as aforesaid at the Munsey Trust Company of the District of Columbia, located at the Munsey Building, Washington, D. C. Coupons due June 1st, 1928, should be detached and presented for payment in the usual manner. Interest on all of said bonds shall cease on June 1st, 1928.

Dated March 31st, 1928.

WALKER HOTEL CORPORATION.

By HARRY S. GORGAS,

(Corporate Seal), Secretary.

(Name now changed by amendment of Charter to Mayflower Hotel Company.)

# NEW YORK CURB TRADING TRANSACTIONS NEW YORK CURB TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1928.

Sal.	Issue.	High	Low	Close
300	Acetol Prod. A.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
200	Acetol Prod. B.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. C.	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. D.	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. E.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. F.	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. G.	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. H.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. I.	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. J.	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. K.	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. L.	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. M.	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. N.	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. O.	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. P.	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. Q.	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. R.	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. S.	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
100	Acetol Prod. T.	1/2	1/2	1/2
100	Acetol Prod. U.	1/4	1/4	1/4
100	Acetol Prod. V.	1/8	1/8	1/8
100	Acetol Prod. W.	1/16	1/16	1/16
100	Acetol Prod. X.	1/32	1/32	1/32
100	Acetol Prod. Y.	1/64	1/64	1/64
100	Acetol Prod. Z.	1/128	1/128	1/128
100	Acetol Prod. AA.	1/256	1/256	1/256
100	Acetol Prod. AB.	1/512	1/512	1/512
100	Acetol Prod. AC.	1/1024	1/1024	1/1024
100	Acetol Prod. AD.	1/2048	1/2048	1/2048
100	Acetol Prod. AE.	1/4096	1/4096	1/4096
100	Acetol Prod. AF.	1/8192	1/8192	1/8192
100	Acetol Prod. AG.	1/16384	1/16384	1/16384
100	Acetol Prod. AH.	1/32768	1/32768	1/32768
100	Acetol Prod. AI.	1/65536	1/65536	1/65536
100	Acetol Prod. AJ.	1/131072	1/131072	1/131072
100	Acetol Prod. AK.	1/262144	1/262144	1/262144
100	Acetol Prod. AL.	1/524288	1/524288	1/524288
100	Acetol Prod. AM.	1/1048576	1/1048576	1/1048576
100	Acetol Prod. AN.	1/2097152	1/2097152	1/2097152
100	Acetol Prod. AO.	1/4194304	1/4194304	1/4194304
100	Acetol Prod. AP.	1/8388608	1/8388608	1/8388608
100	Acetol Prod. AQ.	1/16777216	1/16777216	1/16777216
100	Acetol Prod. AR.	1/33554432	1/33554432	1/33554432
100	Acetol Prod. AS.	1/67108864	1/67108864	1/67108864
100	Acetol Prod. AT.	1/134217728	1/134217728	1/134217728
100	Acetol Prod. AU.	1/268435456	1/268435456	1/268435456
100	Acetol Prod. AV.	1/536870912	1/536870912	1/536870912
100	Acetol Prod. AW.	1/1073741824	1/1073741824	1/1073741824
100	Acetol Prod. AX.	1/2147483648	1/2147483648	1/2147483648
100	Acetol Prod. AY.	1/4294967296	1/4294967296	1/4294967296
100	Acetol Prod. AZ.	1/8589934592	1/8589934592	1/8589934592
100	Acetol Prod. BA.	1/17179869184	1/17179869184	1/17179869184
100	Acetol Prod. BB.	1/34359738368	1/34359738368	1/34359738368
100	Acetol Prod. BC.	1/68719476736	1/68719476736	1/68719476736
100	Acetol Prod. BD.	1/137438953472	1/137438953472	1/137438953472
100	Acetol Prod. BE.	1/274877906944	1/274877906944	1/274877906944
100	Acetol Prod. BF.	1/549755813888	1/549755813888	1/549755813888
100	Acetol Prod. BG.	1/1099511627776	1/1099511627776	1/1099511627776
100	Acetol Prod. BH.	1/2199023255552	1/2199023255552	1/2199023255552
100	Acetol Prod. BI.	1/4398046511104	1/4398046511104	1/4398046511104
100	Acetol Prod. BJ.	1/8796093022208	1/8796093022208	1/8796093022208
100	Acetol Prod. BK.	1/17592186444416	1/17592186444416	1/17592186444416
100	Acetol Prod. BL.	1/35184372888832	1/35184372888832	1/35184372888832
100	Acetol Prod. BM.	1/70368745777664	1/70368745777664	1/70368745777664
100	Acetol Prod. BN.	1/140737491555328	1/140737491555328	1/140737491555328
100	Acetol Prod. BO.	1/281474983110656	1/281474983110656	1/281474983110656
100	Acetol Prod. BP.	1/562949966221312	1/562949966221312	1/562949966221312
100	Acetol Prod. BQ.	1/1125899932442624	1/1125899932442624	1/1125899932442624
100	Acetol Prod. BR.	1/2251799864885248	1/2251799864885248	1/2251799864885248
100	Acetol Prod. BS.	1/4503599729770496	1/4503599729770496	1/4503599729770496
100	Acetol Prod. BT.	1/9007199459540992	1/9007199459540992	1/9007199459540992
100	Acetol Prod. BU.	1/18014398919081984	1/18014398919081984	1/18014398919081984
100	Acetol Prod. BV.	1/36028797838163968	1/36028797838163968	1/36028797838163968
100	Acetol Prod. BW.	1/72057595676327936	1/72057595676327936	1/72057595676327936
100	Acetol Prod. BX.	1/144115191352655872	1/144115191352655872	1/144115191352655872
100	Acetol Prod. BY.	1/288230382705311744	1/288230382705311744	1/288230382705311744
100	Acetol Prod. BZ.	1/576460765410623488	1/576460765410623488	1/576460765410623488
100	Acetol Prod. CA.	1/1152921530821246976	1/1152921530821246976	1/1152921530821246976
100	Acetol Prod. CB.	1/2305843061642493952	1/2305843061642493952	1/2305843061642493952
100	Acetol Prod. CC.	1/4611686123284987904	1/4611686123284987904	1/4611686123284987904
100	Acetol Prod. CD.	1/9223372246569975808	1/9223372246569975808	1/9223372246569975808
100	Acetol Prod. CE.	1/18446744493139951616	1/18446744493139951616	1/18446744493139951616
100	Acetol Prod. CF.	1/36893488986279903232	1/36893488986279903232	1/36893488986279903232
100	Acetol Prod. CG.	1/73786977972559806464	1/73786977972559806464	1/73786977972559806464
100	Acetol Prod. CH.	1/147573955945119612928	1/147573955945119612928	1/147573955945119612928
100	Acetol Prod. CI.	1/295147911890239225856	1/295147911890239225856	1/295147911890239225856
100	Acetol Prod. CJ.	1/590295823780478451712	1/590295823780478451712	1/590295823780478451712
100	Acetol Prod. CK.	1/1180591647560956903424	1/1180591647560956903424	1/1180591647560956903424
100	Acetol Prod. CL.	1/2361183295121913806848	1/2361183295121913806848	1/2361183295121913806848
100	Acetol Prod. CM.	1/4722366590243827613696	1/4722366590243827613696	1/4722366590243827613696
100	Acetol Prod. CN.	1/9444733180487655227392	1/9444733180487655227392	1/9444733180487655227392
100	Acetol Prod. CO.	1/18889466360975310454784	1/18889466360975310454784	1/18889466360975310454784
100	Acetol Prod. CP.	1/37778932721950620909568	1/37778932721950620909568	1/37778932721950620909568
100	Acetol Prod. CQ.	1/75557865443901241819136	1/75557865443901241819136	1/75557865443901241819136
100	Acetol Prod. CR.	1/151115730887802483638272	1/151115730887802483638272	1/151115730887802483638272
100	Acetol Prod. CS.	1/302231461775604967276544	1/302231461775604967276544	1/302231461775604967276544
100	Acetol Prod. CT.	1/604462923551209934553088	1/604462923551209934553088	1/604462923551209934553088
100	Acetol Prod. CU.	1/1208925847102419691106176	1/1208925847102419691106176	1/1208925847102419691106176
100	Acetol Prod. CV.	1/2417851694204839382212352	1/2417851694204839382212352	1/2417851694204839382212352
100	Acetol Prod. CW.	1/4835703388409678764424704	1/4835703388409678764424704	1/4835703388409678764424704
100	Acetol Prod. CX.	1/9671406776819357528849408	1/9671406776819357528849408	1/9671406776819357528849408
100	Acetol Prod. CY.	1/19342813553638715057698816	1/19342813553638715057698816	1/19342813553638715057698816
100	Acetol Prod. CZ.	1/38685627107277430115397632	1/38685627107277430115397632	1/38685627107277430115397632
100	Acetol Prod. DA.	1/77371254214554860230795264	1/77371254214554860230795264	1/77371254214554860230795264
100	Acetol Prod. DB.	1/154742508429109721461590528	1/154742508429109721461590528	1/154742508429109721461590528
100	Acetol Prod. DC.	1/309485016858219442923181056	1/309485016858219442923181056	1/309485016858219442923181056
100	Acetol Prod. DD.	1/61897003371643888584662112	1/61897003371643888584662112	1/61897003371643888584662112
100	Acetol Prod. DE.	1/123794006743287777169324224	1/123794006743287777169324224	1/123794006743287777169324224
100	Acetol Prod. DF.	1/247588013486575554338648448	1/247588013486575554338648448	1/247588013486575554338648448
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100	Acetol Prod. DH.	1/990352053946302217354593792	1/990352053946302217354593792	1/990352053946302217354593792
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## PEOPLE GO TO FOR HOUSES FROM POST HOME SHOW

Exhibits Draw Many Hundreds of Visitors Through Day and Night.

## WOODLEY PARK PLACE ATTRACTING INTEREST

Each Residence Is the Model of Perfection in Own Style.

The "Home Beautiful" exhibit sponsored by The Washington Post, in which six homes, varying in price from \$47,500 to \$12,950, are completely furnished, attracted many hundreds of persons Thursday afternoon and evening, the fifth day of the exhibit. Only three more days remain for the houses to be open for public inspection. They close Sunday night at 10 o'clock.

Each home, presenting a model of perfection in its own style, offered the hundreds who passed through numerous suggestions on how to beautify a home, whether it be a pretentious one or a small bungalow.

One of the homes which is attracting much interest is the \$27,500 home at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. It was built and loaned for the exhibit by Wardman, which firm of builders is doing much in making Washington homes the prettiest in the entire country.

The exhibit house is easily reached by driving out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, then left on Cathedral avenue and bearing right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, then right on Kilgore road to Cortland place, and the exhibit house, which commands a fine view of one of the most beautiful estates in the city.

House Built of Brick.

The house is built of brick and has a wide veranda around two sides, part of which is covered and the other part open. Entrance is from this veranda into a reception hall. On the right as you enter is the dining room, and the living room is to the left. The kitchen, with built-in cupboards and General Electric home refrigerator, is back of the dining room and invites the admiration of every home lover with its shiny brilliance.

There are three bed chambers and two tiled baths on the second floor, and two other nice rooms on the third floor.

The furniture for the entire house has been installed by Kaufman Furniture Co.; the Persian rugs which cover the first floor and the living room, the rugs used in the two bedrooms on the second floor were supplied by W. & J. Sloane; pictures over the entire house by S. J. Venable; electrical appliances by National Electric Supply Co.; silverware from Berry & Co.; linens furnished by The Linen Closet; plants have been loaned by Arthur Jordan Placenta, and flowers supplied by Guide Bros. Co.

The appointments in this furnished home speak of excellent taste in selection and arrangement and of artistic achievement. While the arrangement of the rooms was entirely new, the thought of convenience and comfort, as well as attractiveness, the furnishings added a note of luxuriousness and cozy comfort, and undoubtedly proved irresistible to many.

How to Reach Homes.

House No. 1—Valued at \$47,500, built and loaned by Charles D. Sager, located at 3838 Cathedral avenue. By automobile, drive out Massachusetts avenue, cross Wisconsin avenue, and turn left on Cathedral avenue to the house at 3838 Cathedral avenue.

House No. 2—Loaned by W. C. & A. N. Miller and valued at \$49,500. Located at 4435 Garfield street. By automobile, drive out Massachusetts avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue to Forty-fourth street, Wesley Heights; left on Forty-fourth street to Garfield street, then right to 4435 Garfield street.

House No. 3—Valued at \$29,750, built and loaned by J. E. Douglas Co., located at 125 Hesketh street. By automobile, drive out Wisconsin avenue, left on Hesketh street, turn right on Hesketh street to house, one block away. Signs at corner of Wisconsin and Hesketh streets will direct you.

House No. 4—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 5—Located at 6801 Forty-fifth street, Leland. Valued at \$12,950, built and loaned by M. & R. B. Warren. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Bradley lane, left on Bradley lane to Wisconsin avenue, right on Wisconsin avenue to Leland street, right on Leland street to 6801 Forty-fifth street, then right to exhibit house.

House No. 6—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 7—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 8—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 9—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 10—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 11—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 12—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 13—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 14—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 15—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 16—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 17—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 18—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 19—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 20—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 21—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 22—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 23—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

House No. 24—Valued at \$27,500, built and loaned by Wardman, located at 3020 Cortland place, Woodley Park. By automobile, drive out Connecticut avenue to Cathedral avenue, left on Cathedral avenue and bear right on Woodley road to Kilgore road, turn right one block to Cortland place, then right to exhibit house, a few feet up the street.

## HERE ARE THE ANSWERS

To Questions on Magazine Page

1. The quotation of which this is part is: "Thou shalt not make reply. Theirs not to reason why. Theirs but to do or die."
2. The Azores belong to Portugal.
3. Samuel Pepys, English diarist, lived in the seventeenth century.
4. Francois Rabelais was a French satirist and humorist.
5. Sicily Mountain is the highest of the Catskill Mountains.
6. The Mohammedan religious era dates its starting point from the Hegira.
7. The father of the present King of England was Edward VII.
8. The Grand Canyon is in Arizona.
9. The twenty-fifth is the silver wedding anniversary.
10. State receptions at the White House are usually held in the famous East Room.

(Copyright, 1928.)

## CAPITAL BEAUTIFICATION DISCUSSED BY ENGINEERS

Water Supply of Washington Among Topics Before Convention.

## FIVE GROUPS IN SESSION

Engineering problems relative to the growth and beautification of Washington were technically discussed yesterday at the division meetings of the annual spring meeting of the American Society of Civil Engineers at the Washington Hotel.

Divided into five technical groups to consider papers on construction, sanitary engineering, surveying and mapping, structural work, and city planning, much of the discussion centered around problems intimate to Washington.

Arlington Memorial Bridge was the subject of two papers, one on its construction and the other on its design. The bridge, designed and constructed by John L. Nagle, designing engineer of the commission.

John E. Curtis, superintendent of the Washington aqueduct and filtration plant, and Philip O. MacQueen, superintendent of the Dalecarlia filtration plant, read technical papers on "The Washington Water Supply," which were discussed by Mal. B. B. Somerville, U. S. A., district engineer of the United States Engineers office in this city.

Col. U. S. Grant 3d, director of public buildings and parks, explained in detail the recent repairs to the White House roof, and papers on city planning as illustrated in Washington were read by Charles W. Eliot 3d, Washington city planner; J. B. Gordon, sanitary engineer of the District; Charles Wellford Leavitt, civil and landscape engineer of New York City; Albert L. Harris, municipal architect of Washington, and George B. Ford, of the Technical Advisory Corporation, New York.

A practical demonstration of mixing concrete to a predetermined strength was given to the society by John G. Ahlers, of the Barney-Ahlers Construction Corporation, New York, who foretold the exact strength of concrete cylinders broken by the delegates.

During the technical discussions, the wives and members of the families of delegates were entertained at luncheon at the Chevy Chase Club, attended by Mrs. William Howard Taft, wife of the Chief Justice of the United States, and the wives of members of the Cabinet.

While the delegates held a smoker at the Washington Hotel last night, Mrs. Herbert Hoover, wife of the Secretary of Commerce, presided at a dinner for the wives of the delegates.

An all-day sightseeing trip of colonial Virginia has been arranged for tomorrow, and will include a visit to Fort Mifflin, the principal engineer station of the Army.

## \$3,000 Contributed In Palestine Drive

An enthusiastic rally of workers in the \$35,000 United Palestine Appeal Drive was held yesterday noon at the Jewish Community Center. Team captains reported contributions of approximately \$3,000 raised since last Tuesday's meeting.

Rabbi Samuel Rosenthal, of Baltimore, addressed the workers, telling of his personal observations of the progress of rehabilitation in the Jewish homeland.

The first week of the drive will come to a close Sunday afternoon with a mass meeting at the Jewish Community Center. Rabbi Morris Lazaron, of Baltimore, will be the principal speaker.

## SALT CELLAR CHARGE BRINGS \$20,000 SUIT

Accused at Child's of Taking It, A. I. Lapkoff Asks for Damages.

Albert I. Lapkoff, 608 Old place northwest, called upon the Childs Co., 1423 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, yesterday in Circuit Court to pay \$20,000 damages for the act of unjustly accusing him of pocketing a salt shaker on July 12, 1927, when he ate at branch restaurant at the Pennsylvania avenue address.

According to the declaration presented for Lapkoff by Attorneys R. E. J. Whalen and M. Marcus Manning an employee of the restaurant approached the plaintiff and said, "Say, you have a salt shaker in your pocket. You are not going out of here until you give me that salt shaker you stole off the table."

The plaintiff also says that he was struck and afterward detained an hour against his will. The charge of petty larceny made against him by the restaurant management has humiliated him and damaged his reputation, the plaintiff says.

OVER HERE—OVER THERE—

IN THE HAIR FIGHTING FROM JULY 18 TO AUGUST 6, 1918 THE GERMANS WERE NOT ONLY HALTED IN THEIR ADVANCE, BUT WERE DRIVEN BACK FROM THE MARNE TO THE VESLE, AND THROWN WHOLLY ON THE DEFENSIVE. EVERY INCH OF GROUND HAD BEEN HOTLY CONTESTED.

THE CROWN PRINCE HAD THROWN IN 74 DIVISIONS SINCE JULY 15 AND EXHAUSTED HIS RESERVES. LUDENDORFF AT BEST HAD NO MORE THAN 26 RESERVE DIVISIONS AT HIS DISPOSAL.

COCH NOW HAD A GREATER COMBAT FORCE THAN THE GERMANS. MOREOVER, THE SECOND BATTLE OF THE MARNE HAD PLAYED HAVOC WITH THE GERMAN FIRST LINE TROOPS. ALL ENEMY DIVISIONS WERE 30% UNDER STRENGTH.

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

THE ENEMY STOPPED

## NEWS OF DAY GIVEN BY CAMERA



Harris & Swain.  
YOUNGEST WOMAN LAWYER. Miss C. Virginia C. Diedel will be the youngest woman ever to be given the coveted honor, when she is admitted to practice before the U. S. Supreme Court Monday.



Harris & Swain.  
HONOR PAID UNKNOWN. Kiwanis plaque honoring the Unknown Soldier which was presented to Maj. Gen. F. B. Cheatham, quarter-master general of the Army, at the Tomb of the Unknown yesterday. E. Burton Corning, left, and G. Fred Coles, right, designed and modeled the plaque.



Harris & Swain.  
"MONROE" IN PAGEANT. William Jeffries Chevington, Jr., of Washington, who will appear as President James Monroe in the pageant at Fredericksburg, Va., tomorrow at the opening of the President Monroe Shrine.



Lois Johnson, Post Staff Photographer.  
CADET DRILL WINNERS. The second battalion of Central High School passing in review prior to winning the annual competitive battalion drill at Central Stadium yesterday.



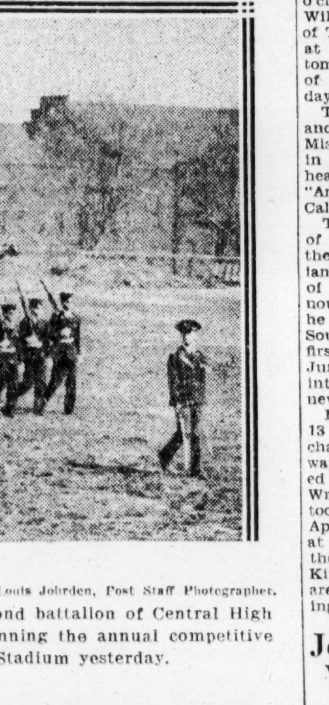
Harry Rapley, manager of the National Theater, who will appear in the play "The Sign of the Cross" at the National Theater.



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Harry Rapley, manager of the National Theater, who will appear in the play "The Sign of the Cross" at the National Theater.

## \$50,000 SUIT WON BY TRACTION LINE

Justice Bailey Directs Verdict Against J. W. Mangum, Motorman.

The Capital Traction Co., which unsuccessfully tried to prevent trial in Circuit Court of a \$50,000 damage suit by pleading that it had settled the case out of court for \$17,500 won the case yesterday when Justice Jennings Bailey directed a verdict in its favor.

The motion for the directed verdict, presented by Attorneys Hogan, Jones & Phelps, was based on the fact that John W. Mangum, a motorman, had waited too long to sue under the employer's liability act of 1903, and that the street railway company was not a railroad within the meaning of that act.

Mangum charged that while on duty on a street car on March 25, 1924, he had been thrown backwards by a rear end collision between his car and another Capital Traction car at Fourteenth and Farragut streets northwest. The act of 1903 concerns common carriers, designated as railroads, and is not a railroad within the meaning of that act.

Morning newspapers had announced that the House of Rapley, joined forces with the Capital Traction Co. in the suit, to be exact. Now they form a partnership in the conduct of the National Theater.

"Was ever a time," asked Mr. Harold Phillips, "when a partnership was formed under more happy circumstances?" As I recall it," he remarked, "partners are not supposed to speak to each other after the first year. Yet here are two men who have been associated in the theater for 30 years. They not only speak to each other, but they pool their interests."

The tributes to Harry Rapley were remarkable. They ranged all the way from speeches by every newspaper man, including the dramatic critic, to the actor managers—and men who haul baggage for the visiting troupes. When it was announced that Mr. Rapley and his charming wife would take a trip overseas at the beginning of next month, the employees of the National Theater rushed onto the scene to shake hands with the man who had been in the theater for 30 years.

Among those present at the Harry Rapley birthday party were: T. D. Bonnell, Harry Rapley, Frank Baer, C. W. Willets, Harold Phillips, W. H. Landvoigt, Roland Robins, Henry Handford, Jack Daly, Mike Flynn, S. E. Cochran, Andrew Kelly, Lee Somers, W. B. Love, Clifford Brooke, Dick Oden, Philander Johnson, Arthur D. Marks, I. Stoddard Taylor, M. B. Callahan, James Ring, Arthur Sismith, Harry Van Time and Harry Henkel.

As predicted, these columns a short while ago, S. E. Cochran will branch out in the stock field and will open a season in Ford's Theater. But of more or less interest to Washingtonians. Aside from Mr. Cochran, a local boy, his cast in the Municipal City will include Ruth Hoffman, who got her start in the profession with the old Garrett players, when she scored a distinct personal success in "Seventeen." Since that time Miss Hoffman has been for three years a mainstay of the Garry-McCarthy Players in Buffalo. This year, upon Miss Leona Powers' departure for the Pacific Coast, she succeeded that young lady in one of Boston's most successful repertoire companies. Other members of the Baltimore cast will include John Givens MacFarlane and Kathryn Givens MacFarlane, who were with the company when it was in the city last year.

The long-suffering worm has turned! At a mass meeting held in New York City recently at the invitation of Mrs. Belle De Rivera, 20 protest against the constant abuse of the English language by mispronunciation and disregard of correct enunciation. It was unanimously agreed that the Theatrical Managers' Association and the Dramatists League be appealed to for a remedy against increasing tendency of players to keep the plots and stories of plays exclusively to themselves.

Mrs. Francesa Redding, president of the Professional Women's League; Mrs. Harry Thomas, president of the N. Y. C. Federation of Women's Clubs; and Charlotte T. Munro, recorder of the National California Club, have been actively laboring for months to bring about a panacea. In recent years it has become a fact among certain playgoers, women and men, to give utterance to their lines in such a monotone as to be inaudible even in the fifth row of an auditorium. Happily, four years ago, the American Academy of Arts bestowed upon Walter Hampden the society's gold medal for distinct utterance and clear enunciation; and it is a pleasure to note that one actor who has not become a victim to this whispering malady.

One of the many stories current about Jeanne Eagels is that of a certain performance of "Her Cardboard Lover," in which Leslie Howard, now appearing in Winthrop Ames' production of John Galsworthy's "Escape," was also acting.

## THE SPOTLIGHT By JOHN J. DALY

Local theatricalism assembled yesterday in the palm room of the Carlton Hotel to do honor to Harry Rapley, manager of the National Theater.

The occasion of his seventy-first birthday. Local is not the term. They came from other ports. Tom Love, the venerable manager of the National Theater, who has been in the city for 30 years, journeyed from the City of Brotherly Love to do honor to the local theater magnate.

Harry Henkel, manager of Ford's Theater in Baltimore, motored over. Then, there was the local fraternity, led by I. Stoddard Taylor, manager of the Belasco and the Metropolitan Theaters in Philadelphia. Journeyed from the City of Brotherly Love to do honor to the local theater magnate.

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## 12, TRAPPED BY FIRE, SAVED WITH LADDERS

Flames From Night Club Cause Three Alarms to Be Sounded.

Twelve colored occupants of a building at the northeast corner of Eleventh and U streets were carried down ladders yesterday by firemen when a three-alarm fire broke out in the Bohemia Night Club in the basement of the building at 1207 Twelfth street northwest, which was sent to Freedmen's Hospital for treatment. First-aid treatment was given E. J. Miller, W. Johnson, M. Hawkins and E. Duncan, who were rescued from the windows of the Federal Life Insurance Co.

The flames quickly spread from the night club into a battery shop on the first floor of the building and offices on the second and third floors were damaged by smoke and water. The twelve rescued persons were found on the third floor, where they were driven by the dense smoke which filled the building.

At a mass meeting held in New York City recently at the invitation of Mrs. Belle De Rivera, 20 protest against the constant abuse of the English language by mispronunciation and disregard of correct enunciation. It was unanimously agreed that the Theatrical Managers' Association and the Dramatists League be appealed to for a remedy against increasing tendency of players to keep the plots and stories of plays exclusively to themselves.

Mrs. Francesa Redding, president of the Professional Women's League; Mrs. Harry Thomas, president of the N. Y. C. Federation of Women's Clubs; and Charlotte T. Munro, recorder of the National California Club, have been actively laboring for months to bring about a panacea. In recent years it has become a fact among certain playgoers, women and men, to give utterance to their lines in such a monotone as to be inaudible even in the fifth row of an auditorium. Happily, four years ago, the American Academy of Arts bestowed upon Walter Hampden the society's gold medal for distinct utterance and clear enunciation; and it is a pleasure to note that one actor who has not become a victim to this whispering malady.

One of the many stories current about Jeanne Eagels is that of a certain performance of "Her Cardboard Lover," in which Leslie Howard, now appearing in Winthrop Ames' production of John Galsworthy's "Escape," was also acting.

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